GERMSKUTTER

SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM, ITCHES, ECZEMA, AND ALL OTHER SKIN DISEASES

DOES NOT STAIN CLOTHES

BHOGILAL PREMCHAND & CO., CHEMISTS, Princess St., BOMBAY 2.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVIII NO. 9 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

1949 COMPLETIONS OF THE METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO., LTD. (H.O. CALCUTTA) EXCEED 6 CRORES AND FIFTY-FIVE LACS. Central Office—Western Circle, 371, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY—1

Discordant Note In Commonwealth Talks?

NO AGREEMENT ON JAP TREATY

Nehru Pleads For Liberal Approach: Withdraw Occupying Forces Soon

COLOMBO, Jan. 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THE Commonwealth Foreign Ministers today agreed in principle to set up a Working Party to study the problem of a Japanese Peace Treaty.

They also heard a 15 minute first-hand report on South-east Asia by Mr. Malcolm Macdonald, British Commissioner General there.

The Working Party will be at Ambassador or High Commissioner level. Although it was not decided where it should meet, London was considered a possibility.

Observers saw in the establishment of a Working Party an admission that Commonwealth countries have widely differing views on the treaty and that further consultation is required before a detailed coordinated policy can emerge.

They pointed out that any decisions depend on other interested powers besides those represented at Colombo.

NEHRU'S PLEA

Pandit Nehru, India's Prime Minister, strongly supported a quick settlement of the Japanese issue under conditions that will allow Japan economic rehabilitation, political self-determination and an early withdrawal of occupation forces.

Australia, supported by New Zealand, stressed security problems as top priority. Canada's External Affairs Minister, Lester B. Pearson, while allowing full value to the desirability of an early settlement, made an appraisal of the difficulties in the way of such a solution.

He expressed the view that a formal peace conference with two Communist powers— Russia and China— present would meet an insurmountable difficulty in agreeing on a common approach.

On practical grounds, he felt that the Comonwealth powers ought to understand the position of America as occupying power with security responsibility.

Britain's Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin opened the discussion.

Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, British Secretary for Commonwealth Relations, told reporters after the session that the ministers had had "a very good day and a most useful discussion".

Mr. Pearson went out of his way to ridicule a local newspaper report attributed to the correspondent of one London newspaper that the Conference was dragging through waning enthusiasm and that the British election announcement made delegates feel that in the event of a Conservative victory, the present British Delegation's views might be repudiated.

On the contrary, he asserted that the talks, coverng widely different regional approaches, had revealed all delegates as esentially reasonable and undrestanding.

Sources close to the conference said that South Africa's approach was cautious, influenced mainly by her regard for Australia's point of view and her desire to see Japan become self-supporting again.

Mr. Macdonald's review of South East Asia, it was learnt, was presented frankly as personal impressions. While hoping for the best he urged the Commonwealth to be realistically prepared for the worst in assessing the repercussions of the Chinese Communist victory on South East Asia.

MOST VULNERABLE

Mr. Macdonald was reported to have singled out Indo-China, Siam and Burma as the countries most immediately vulnerable to Communist infiltration.

He said that disruption of rice production in Siam and Burma, a by-product of the unsettled conditions in South East Asia, was an economic menace.

It was understood he made no attempt to minimise the difficulties to be overcome, but he also touched on the more hopeful side of the picture.

Among these hopeful signs, according to informed sources, Mr. Macdonald listed the transfer of

CONTINUED ON PAGE 5)

SWEEPING FIRE IN CHINESE CITY

6,000 Huts Burnt Down

HONG KONG, Jan. 11, (PTI-Reuter): Fire sweeping through a hutted area on the outskirts of Kowloon today made thousands of poor Chinese homeless.

Firemen estimated that 6,000 huts had already been destroyed leaving 60,000 people with nowhere to live.

Many people were injured but there were few fatalities.

British Royal Air Force and Army men were called out to help fight the fire which was raging near to Kaitak airport.

The fire has destroyed almost all buildings in the historical old walled city of Kowloon—a small area over which the Chinese have always claimed sovereignty.

All available fire engines in modern Kowloon were sent to the fire and other equipment ferried over from Hong Kong.

Tonight a fairly strong wind was fanning the flames which were threatening a built up area.

British Steamer Strafed

HONGKONG, Jan. 11, (PTI-Reuter): Two Chinese nationalist planes today strafed the 126,000 ton British steamer "Leongbee" at Swatow, 150 miles north-east of Hongkong, according to Chinese reports reaching here.

The reports said she suffered some damage, but there were no casualties.

U. S. Military Aid To Tito

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11. (PTI-Reuter).

The State Department was today reported to have decided on measures of limited military air for Marshal Tito which it would recommend to the President in an "emergency".

This would probably be given if the Soviet Communist Bloc began to use force to crush Yugoslavia's independence.

A New Plot In Preparation

MOSCOW RADIO ON COLOMBO TALKS

LONDON, Jan. 11, (PTI-Reuter): Moscow Radio commenting late last night on the Commonwealth Foreign Ministers Conference at Colombo, alleged "the very fact that Foreign Secretary Bevin and his colleges fear publicity shows that a new plot against the nations is in preparation".

The commentator added: "Diplomatic recognition of the Chinese Peoples Republic by the Labour Government of Britain does not mean any change in the imperialist trend of British foreign policy.

Main issue at the Conference, he said, was "the intensification of imperialist expansion and the creation of a Pacific bloc to supplement the aggressive North Atlantic bloc".

WILL LABOUR BE SWEPT OFF ITS FEET?

Prospects In British Election

LONDON, January 11 (PTI-Reuter).

BRITAIN'S political parties joined battle today in what was expected to be a "no Holds Barred" campaign for the General Election on Fabruary 23.

The new Parliament will meet forand the State opening by the King will be on March 6.

Now the great question facing 50 million Britons was—would the end of next month see Labour swept from its dominating role in Parliament and war leader Winston Churchill back at the nation's helm?

Some of the issues on which the election will be fought are:

Labour—Full employment maintained since the war, social security for everyone achieved, completion of the full Nationalisation Programme promised in 1945 and progress made towards economic recovery. For the future, Labour will pledge consolidation of industries already nationalised, extension of industrial democracy, completion of steel nationalisation and nationalisation of the cement, sugar refining, cold storage industries. It undertakes to bring the big industrial insurance companies under the ownership and control of their policy holders.

Conservatives—No more nationalisation, de-nationalisation where possible, maximum relaxation of present control, reduced taxation by curbing Government spending, abolition of directed labour, more private building, strengthening of Commonwealth links and imperial priorities in trade.

Labour will fight almost every seat, Conservatives will muster 600 candidates, and Liberals—only 12 strong in the present Parliament despite two and a quarter million votes in 1945—will make a desperate fight for revival with 400 candidates. Communists claim they will have 100 candidates.

Labour Outsmarts The Tories?

LONDON, Jan. 11. (UPI).

General election talks have been filling the British press for the last five days to the exclusion of all other news.

The announcement of the date has caused general relief, but also caustic comment. It is recognised by the Conservatives that the Government chose the time most favourable for the Labour Party and Conservative chances of winning is doubtful.

At the same time, the choice of winter months, generally regarded as bad electioneering weather, indicates that Labour is also feeling insecure and an indirect admission that they are incapable of controlling the economic crisis which is expected to worsen by the normal election month of June.

WILD CHEERING FOR PANDIT NEHRU

COLOMBO, Jan. 11 (PTI): Crowds cheered wilddly outside the Galleface Hotel here today where Pandit Nehru and Ghulam Mohammad were guests of the local Muslims and Pakistanis at an afternoon reception.

Crowds of Indians thronged the seafront to see Pandit Nehru pass and there were excited scenes as hundreds tried to follow his car past lines of police.

PRESENT TO DR. AMBEDKAR

A golden casket containing a luxuriously produced copy of India's Constitution was presented to Dr. B. R. Ambedkar at a public meeting held at Nare Park by the All India Scheduled Castes' Federation.

200 NEW TELEPHONES EVERY MONTH

Bombay Authorities Take Up Installation Work

BOMBAY, Wednesday (PTI).

THE telephone authorities in Bombay have taken up the installation of additional telephone connections under the "Own Your Own Telephone" scheme. The scheme which was announced in the Dominion Parliament by the Communications Minister on December 24, would be introduced in Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Ahmedabad, Kanpur, Delhi and Amritsar, for all persons desirous of having new telephone connections with certain exceptions.

It was officially stated here today that the response to the scheme had been very good in Bombay and about 2,404 applicants had already deposited Rs. 2,500 per connection, required under the scheme, the amount collected so far being Rs. 39,55,000.

200 PER MONTH

"About 1,300 telephones are being allotted immediately and are expected to be installed at the rate of 200 per month, an official statement said.

"It is anticipated that all these applicants will have their telephones by the end of May, 1950. A further 1,000 telephone connections will be coms available for allotment during the period July-August, 1950. Every effort is being made to install the equipment for the other 5,400 lines before the end of this year", the statement added.

"Out of this number of available telephones, 70 per cent is being exclusively reserved for the industrial and commercial community under the "Own Your Own Telephone" scheme and the remaining 30 per cent reserved for exempted categories like doctors, nurses, hospitals, public institutions, deserving refugees and public men."

EXEMPTED CATEGORIES

The statement pointed out that those applicants who had already been allotted prority under the old arrangements by the Telephone Advisory Committee, prior to December 6, 1949, when orders were issued stopping the giving of telephone connections, and persons coming under exempted categories, would be entitled to obtain telephone connections under the old rates applicable to the various centres mentioned under the scheme. They would not, however, be precluded from obtaining telephones under the new scheme, if they so desired.

The statement added: "The first 70 per cent of the telephone connections available will go to the subscribers under the new scheme. In case the number of telephone connections during one month required under the exempted categories does not come up to the 30 per cent—which is not expected to happen in Bombay with a large number of applicants under the exempted categories—the balance will also be available for subscribing under the new scheme.

"With the introduction of the new scheme and the re-allocation of the available telephones, the commercial and business categories will be provided with new telephone connections strictly in the order of priority of payment of deposits; and the reconstitution of the present deposits and the reconstitution of the present Telephone Advisory Committee is envisaged in the light of allotment of priorities to those falling under the exempted categories only."

R-DAY BRINGS THEM CHEER

MADRAS, Jan. 11 (PTI): To mark the inauguration of the Indian Republic on January 26 the Madras Government has decided to grant special remissions ranging between 10 days to two months for the 20,000 prisoners serving sentences in the jails of the province. Communist and other political offenders are excluded.

State Trading Enquiry

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11, (PTI): The State Trading Committee is expected to assemble here on January 21. The Committee will examine business men and members of the Constituent Assembly.

A Gift To The President

THE Bombay Suburban District Congress has decided to send a gift to the first President of the Republic through the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher.

The gift will be on a tricolour handmade sheet with 26150 (denoting 26-1-50) signatures with a declaration in Hindi to forge rice ratios for one week in which 26-1-50 falls, i.e. 23-1-50 to 29-1-50.

The work of taking signatures is in full swing. I appeal to everyone to help in this constructive work and thus translate our Prime Minister's words into action.

The workers are moving with the sheets for signatures or please contact office of Suburban Congress, School or Khadi Bhandar of your area.

I. H. SHAH.
Secretary,
Food Committee,
(B. S. D. Congress).

FORCED FEEDING IN DELHI JAIL

Communist Charge

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11, (PTI): Forced feeding has been resorted to in the case of four of the 17 Communist and Trade Union workers on hunger strike in the Delhi Jail, a spokesman of the Communuist Party revealed at a press conference here today.

Six Communist detenus, the spokesman said, went on hunger strike on January 5 as a protest against failure of the authorities to meet their demands. Eleven Communist and Trade Union workers arrested in Delhi on Friday last under the East Punjab Public Safety Act joined the hunger strike four days ago.

The detenus demand unconditional release or open trial in a court of law, repeal of the East Punjab Public Safety Act, payment of family allowance, abolition of the system of class differentiation for political detenus and othtr concessions.

HYDERABAD STRIKE

Municipal Members To Continue 'Good Job'

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 11, (UPI): Following the general strike by the Secunderabad and Hyderabad municipal scavengers and menials, heeps of refuge accumulated at various market places.

Municipal members and other public men, carrying long broom sticks and buckets were observed clearing the refuge today at various places. It is stated that would continue this "good job" so that the cities are kept clean and hygienic.

(DETAILS ON PAGE 2)

SUGAR STRIKE AVERTED

U. P. Government To Hold Enquiry

LUCKNOW, January 11 (PTI).

THE threatened strike of 60,000 sugar workers in 75 factories in the United Provinces scheduled to begin on January 16 has been averted, following U.P. Government's decision to refer the question of bonus to sugar workers for 1948-49 and other allied issues to a court of enquiry.

Announcing its decision to constitute a court of enquiry the U.P. Government in a press communique said today that the court would be presided over by Mr. Justice Bind Basni Prasad of the Allahabad High Court.

Two other members of the court would be Mr. Hariharnath Shastri, General Secretary of the Indian National Trade Union Congress, and Mr. Desraj Narang, Chairman of the Indian Sugar Syndicate. The court would consider the question of deductions of excess bonus, if any, paid last year, of sick, casual and other leaves, and retaining allowances.

A formal decision withdrawing the strike notice would be taken shortly by a sub-committee of the Federation, he added.

The communique added: A notification is being issued enforcing the grant of festival holidays as agreed between the Indian Sugar Syndicate and the Indian Sugar Mills Workers Federation in 1948.

"A committee will be constituted within a fortnight to examine and report to Government on the standardisation of salaries and the fixation of grade in the sugar industry.

The Government decision of the demands of the sugar workers was preceded by consultations with representatives of the Indian Sugar Syndicate and the Indian National Sugar Mills Workers Federation.

Stabbing In Lucknow

PROTECTIVE STEPS TAKEN

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11, (PTI): "An incident of stabbing involving two persons took place last night at a dark and lonely place", says a press note issued today by the District Magistrate of Lucknow.

"The identity of these persons has not been established as yet" the communique adds.

"The situation in Lucknow City remained normal today again and no trouble was reported from anywhere. All shops were open and there was complete peace in the city.

"Intensive patrolling and full protective still continue"

Two Die

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11 (PTI): Two persons were fatally stabbed last night during curfew hours in a section of the city.

It appears that the victims were on their way to the railway station when they were attacked by some unknown persons.

DR. SOEKARNO TO VISIT INDIA

DJAKARTA (Batavia), Jan. 11. (P.T.I.-Reuter): The President of the newly created United States of Indonesia, Dr. Soekarno, will visit India in the last week of January, a spokesman of the Ministry of Information here said today.

Dr. Soekarno is expected to leave for Delhi on January 24 to take part in the celebrations of the birth of the Indian Republic. He has been invited to visit Santiniketan during his Indian tour.

He is also likely to visit Pakistan.

Barsi Mill To Be Run For One More Month

SHOLAPUR, Jan. 11, (PTD): The management of the Jayasankar Spinning Mills, Barsi, has now agreed to run the mill for another month provisionally, it was stated here today.

Sardar Flying To Calcutta

VISIT PROGRAMME

CALCUTTA, Jan. 11 (PTI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister is arriving at Calcutta from Delhi tomorrow (January 12). He is expected to reach Dum Dum air port tomorrow afternoon, when he will be received by the Governor, the Ministers and the heads of departments of the Government of West Bengal.

On Friday he will meet members of the Congress Assembly Party and of the Executive Committee of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee at Government House.

On Saturday, Sardar Patel will meet officers of the Government of West Bengal.

On Sunday, at 9-30 a.m. the Deputy Prime Minister will address a public meeting at the Brigade Parade Ground.

SIX WORKERS KILLED

Mourning Strike In Italian Town

MODENA (North Italy), Jan. 11. (PTI-Reuter): Twenty thousand workers of Modena marched in a solemn funeral procession today behind the bodies of six of their fellow workers killed by police during a strike demonstration on Monday.

With them marched nearly 100 Socialist and Communist Members of Parliament who left Rome immediately for Modena when news of the fatal clash reached the capital.

Police, reinforced as a precaution against new incidents, lined the route as the funeral procession wound through the city streets to San Cataldo Cemetery.

Shops, factories and offices were closed throughout the city in a mourning strike to last until tonight.

Italian Government Denounced

About 200,000 workers heard Communist leader Palmiro Togliatti brand the Italian Government as "assassins and murderers", in a violent funeral speech here today over the bodies of six steel-workers.

MONSOON FAILS IN SOUTH

MADRAS, Jan. 11, (PTD. The northeast monsoon has failed for the third year in succession in certain parts of the province, particularly in southern and central districts, causing widespread failure of crops, stated a press note today.

Government has ordered the postponement of the collection of kist wherever necessary.

First Of Its Kind

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11 (PTD: The proposed scheme to enable diplomatic mission in India to construct their own buildings in a diplomatic enclave in Delhi is stated to be the first plan of its kind ever to be undertaken in any country in the world.

Anglo-Egyptian Talks

CAIRO, Jan. 11. (PTI-Reuter): Britain and Egypt today opened sterling and financial talks.

WANTED

Well established composite Insurance Company invites applications from INFLUENTIAL PERSONS for the posts of ORGANISERS in BOMBAY and MOFUSSIL. Good prospects to capable persons.

Apply Box No. 6843 "Bombay Chronicle."

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax

@ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM Re. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—An experienced shorthand typist. One with knowledge of Gujarati or Marathi preferred. Salary Rs. 100/-. Apply to Box No. 1517 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

For Postal Tuition in Mathematics for School, College, University Examinations apply New Era Education Society, Post Box No. 4039, Bombay 7. (1509)

Homoepathy easily learnt. Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

MEDICAL ADLET

"Amulet to cure Asthma, Hysteria, Insanity and Leprosy, in 40 days guarantee charges Rs. 10/-. Write complete history. Starlight. Suite; 11, 2 Prinseplane, Calcutta (13)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—68 Single Phase 6.5/3 H. P. Motors complete with Starters, Bed Plates and Couplings, as they have been replaced by 3 Phase Motors. Apply Box No. 6815 "Bombay Chronicle".

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga; Post Box No. 119, Baroda (1458)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents in all important Cities and Towns, in Indian Dominion for our drawing, surveying mathematical instruments on liberal terms. Apply National Emporium, Roorkee. (1510)

Wanted Agents and Stockists for sale of our Fancy Leather Goods on Rs. 125/- per month throughout India. Apply sharp. United Industries, Kanpur. (1505)

BUSINESS

Delicious and Nutritious Fried Banana Chips. Rs. 2/8 per lb. packing and freight free. Samples against As. 4/- stamps. Manomohan Cafe, Mattancheri, Cochin. (1501)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THIS IS TO NOTIFY for the information of all concerned that the partnership existing between Mr. Premnath Satial Bhat and myself in the Forward Printing Press, has been dissolved as from 31st December, 1949 and Mr. P. S. Bhat is not at all concerned with the affairs of the Press in any way.

B. T. ASHER.
Sole Proprietor,
Forward Printing Press,
43, Tamrind Lane,
Fort, Bombay. (1506)

G.I.P. RLY. TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form up to 2 p.m. on 19-1-50 for supply of 4008 lbs. of tea to the Railway Canteen godown at Dadar, Bombay. Tender documents may be obtained on payment of Re. 1/- per set, in cash or by money order from the above office. 6838

PRESS NOTE

SEALED TENDERS are invited from the approved contractors of the Central P. W. D., for the work of Ajmer Water Supply Scheme:

Name of work	Estimated cost.	Earnest Money.
1. Laying gravity main of Hume pipe between Kapil Kund and Lila Seori	39,200/-	1,960/-
2. Laying C. I. Rising main from Ganahera and Kapilkund and from Lila Seori to Balancing reservoir at Nag Pahar.	79,600/-	3,980/-

The tender form and conditions of contract can be had from the office on payment of Rs. 5/- for item No. 1 and Rs. 10/- for item 2 which amounts will not be refundable.

The tenders will be received in his office upto 11-30 a.m. on 24th January 1950. Earnest money may be deposited into Ajmer Treasury by obtaining duplicate challan from the undersigned.

K. N. VELANKAR,
Executive Engineer,
Ajmer Central Division.
6829.

PUBLIC NOTICES

POLITICAL AND SERVICES DEPARTMENT.

Secretariat, Bombay.
10th January, 1950.

APPLICATIONS are invited from female candidates for four posts of Telephone Operators in the time scale of Rs. 75-5-100-8-220 plus the usual allowances. Only persons domiciled in the Bombay Province or non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan, who have settled in the Province of Bombay are eligible. Age not less than 18 years and not more than 25 years in the case of Advance classes and 28 in the case of Intermediate and Backward Classes. The upper age limit may be relaxed and one or two advance increments may be given to deserving candidates. Candidates must have passed at least the 6th Standard English of a Secondary School and must be able to speak fluent English. Knowledge of Hindi, good voice and polished manners, will be considered additional qualifications. Candidates with previous experience in the line will be given preference. Applications giving all relevant particulars about the candidate should be addressed to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Political and Services Department, Secretariat, Bombay, and should reach him not later than the 20th January, 1950.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY
to the Government of Bombay,
Political and Services Department.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, under Section 465 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act. 1888, that it is the intention of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay to take into their consideration at their Ordinary Meeting proposed to be called for THURSDAY, the 2nd March, 1950, or for such subsequent date as may hereafter be notified, a Draft of the Bye-laws for the purpose of effective enforcement of sanitary regulations in Municipal Chawls and Buildings proposed to be made by the Municipal Corporation of the city of Bombay.

2. The Corporation will, before finally approving the said draft Bye-laws, receive and consider any objection or suggestion which may be made in writing by any person with respect thereto before the day of the said meeting.

3. Any person desiring to object to the said draft Bye-laws, on giving written notice to His Worship the Mayor of the Corporation not less than 10 days before the day of the said Meeting, of the nature of his said objection will, by himself or his Counsel, Attorney or Agent, be heard by the Corporation thereon at the said Meeting, but not so as that more than one person be heard on the same matter of objection.

4. A printed copy of the draft Bye-laws is kept at the Office of the undersigned for public inspection and any person who wishes to peruse the same will be permitted to do so during office hours free of charge.

5. Printed copies of the draft Bye-laws will also be delivered to any person requiring the same on payment of a fee of annas two per copy.

By Order,
C. F. D'SOUZA,
Ag. Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 9th January, 1950.
(6845)

TENDER NOTICE NO. E/2/9/50.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Division II), Jamnagar House, Man Singh Road, New Delhi invites tenders for the supply of Milk Ghee Blended:—

(i) At the Ghee Heating Centre, AGRA—
(a) from 20.2.50 to 20.3.50.
(b) from 1.4.50 to 30.4.50
(ii) At the Ghee Heating Centre, BANGALORE
(a) from 7.3.50 to 7.4.50.
(b) from 15.4.50 to 15.5.50.

2. Tenderers for Agra MUST quote for the supply of 300 tons in one month. They may quote for both months or any specified month. Tenderers may also quote for 600 tons a month if they so desire.

3. Tenderers for Bangalore MUST quote for the supply of 600 tons in one month. They may quote for both months or any specified month.

NOTE:— FOR FURTHER DETAILS SEE TENDER FORM.

4. The tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 4. P. M. on 30th January, 1950, on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office, at Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten only) (not refundable) per set paid in cash, or by telegraphic Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting Tender Notice No. and remitter's full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers. (6846)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DATE of receipt of tender for the work of "Transport of Hume Steel Pipes 57" dia." is extended upto 14-1-1950. The tender will be received upto 12 noon and will be opened at 12-15 P.M. on the same day. Estimated cost of work Rs. 25,660/- Earnest money Rs. 1283/-

D. F. DAROGA
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Division No. I
Commerce House, Ballard Estate.
C. P. W. D., Bombay.
(6849)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
(Special Engineer's Department)

Tenders are invited for the work of "Construction of additional water closets, bath-rooms and washing places in the compound of Halalkhore Chawls at Parbhadevi near 'G' Ward Municipal Offices" and will be received by the Municipal Chief Accountant in his office at the Municipal Head Office Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Wednesday the 25th January, 1950, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.).

Tender forms containing the directions to tenderers can be had at Rs. 5/- per copy from the office of the Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade (Arch) (Construction Section), Improvement Trust Building Annexe, Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.
(6844)

NOTICE

POLICY No. 3306068 issued by the Prudential Assurance Company Limited on the life of Bholashanker Manishanker Vaidya is reported to be LOST. Any one finding same or claiming any interest in same should communicate with the Manager of the Company, Clive Buildings, Calcutta, within a month from this date after which no claim will be considered. 1504

PUBLIC NOTICE

THIS IS TO INTIMATE all concerned that (1) Trambaklal Bhudarbhai Doshi, (2) Chhabildas Maganlal Shah and (3) Kantilal Amulakhchand Doshi, who were partners in the firm of "Doshi Trambaklal Amulakhchand" carrying on business at Bombay and at Adoni, have retired from the said firm with effect from 22nd Oct. 1949 i. e., the Asho Vad Amas of S. Y. 2005 and since then the two remaining partners (1) Lalchand Dharshibhai Doshi and (2) Shantilal Chunilal Shah, carry on and will in future carry on the business of the said firm at the said places, and in the said firm name.

LALCHAND D. DOSHI.
SHANTILAL CHUNILAL SHAH

Bombay 9th January, 1950. (1502)

AUCTION SALES

IN ACCORDANCE with sections 88 and 184 of the Sea Custom Act 1878 under instructions from the Collector of Customs Bombay M/s. MENESSE & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 17th January, 1950, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House Ballard Road confiscated goods etc., such as Baggage, personal effects, cotton piece goods: Thread Dyes: Tin Plates: old copper sheeting, Cigarettes, Jewellery: I Motor Car Austin Sodan. II Horse power and other miscellaneous goods etc.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT NARAYAN DHRU STREET.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. under instructions from Messrs. Chandrasen and Company Attorney for Mr. Kannaiyalal Balkrishna Joshi the owner will sell by public Auction on Monday the 16th January 1950 at 4 P. M. on the premises the following property.

All that piece of pension and Tax ground together with dwelling house standing thereon situate at Narayan Dhru Street in Bombay admeasuring about 153 3/9 square yards but according to C. S. Sheet 166 Square Yards or thereabouts bearing New No. A/2700, Laughton's Survey No. 2108 part and cadastral Survey No. 673 of Mandvi Division Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 899 under Street No. 104 but now under St. No 96.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the above mentioned Solicitors, Ali Chambers, Dean Lane or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows St.

AUCTION SALE OF 900 CASES MANGO CHUTNEY.

Under instructions from office concerned M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 20-1-50 at 3 P. M. (S.T.) at Corn Products Cos. Godown at Baroda Street, Dana Bunder the above cases in separate lots. Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE OF 257 MOTOR CYCLES, 64 TRUCKS & 175 ROAD TRACTORS AT VEHICLES DEPOT, DEHU ROAD,
on 16th, 17th & 18th January, 1950, at 10 A.M.

Description: MOTOR CYCLES SOLO: Areil, B.S.A., Norton, Excelsier, Welbike, Indian. MOTOR CYCLES COMBINATION: Norton and Indian.

ROAD TRACTORS: Karrier, Ford, A.E.C. Metador, Bedford, Morris, Albion, Fergusson, Mack, Guy, etc. TRUCKS: 5 ton, 3 ton, 15 cwt., Ford, Bedford, Fordson, G.M.C., etc. AUCTION CATALOGUE constituting permit to view the stores obtainable from the auctioneer M/s. Shankar Ramchandra & Bros., 128, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Poona or this office, free of charge. Inspection from 10th Jan., 1950.

Export allowed to permissible destinations.

Regional Commissioner (Disposals),
Mercantile Chambers,
Graham Road,
Ballard Estate,
BOMBAY.
Phone: 33041.

AC/RCD-B/30.

NAVAL DOCKYARD HOUSING COLONY

H. E. Raja Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, laying the foundation stone of the Naval Dockyard Housing Colony for the workers at Pawai on Wednesday.

HOUSING NAVAL DOCKERS

Maharaj Singh Lays Foundation Stone

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Seventeen miles off Bombay, under the shadow of Pawai Hills, Raja Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay laid the foundation stone of the Naval Dockyard Housing Scheme for dockers, thus inaugurating an ambitious plan for a model colony drawn by the Naval authorities.

The scheme which was first mooted in 1943, took seven full years to take a concrete shape and will cost Rs. 41 lakhs in the first phase. It has been decided to house 216 families in the first instance, but arrangements will be made in future to provide accommodation for 2,400 families.

The Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh were received by Commodore H. R. Inigo-Jones, Commodore-in-Charge, Bombay, and Captain E. F. Pizey, Captain Superintendent, Naval Dockyards. His Excellency inspected a guard of honour presented by the R.I.N.

NAVY'S ROLE

Addressing the gathering, the Governor said that the Navy played, and would play, an important part in the history of the country. He then referred to the Naval Dockyard Housing Scheme and said that housing conditions were very unsatisfactory in the country, especially in large cities and towns. The population of Bombay and many big towns of India had increased rapidly during the war period and the Government were not prepared for it.

His Government, he added, had done something to alleviate the conditions and had already sanctioned Rs. five crores for the purpose. The Bombay Government expected a substantial subvention from the Centre, but it was not forthcoming. He, however, hoped that they would get it in the future.

CONGRATULATIONS

The Governor congratulated the naval authorities for sponsoring this excellent scheme for housing dock workers, who deserved sympathy and encouragement.

Commodore H. R. Inigo-Jones, Commodore-in-Charge, Bombay, in his address before the stone-laying ceremony, gave a brief outline of the circumstances that have led to the establishment of this colony and the welfare of the Dockyard workers.

He said: During the last war, the Naval Dockyard rapidly expanded and a large number of workers were employed. Subsequent to the war and partition of the country, a large number of employees were retained due to increased activities of the Dockyard and expansion of the Fleet. Also on account of increased activities during the war and thereafter, the population in Bombay increased tremendously. As a result, the housing problem in the city and in the surrounding suburbs deteriorated greatly and the situation continues to be acute. To alleviate the situation and raise the standard of living of the workers, Government decided to build suitable houses for them.

KEENLY AWARE

Although the Government could not, for obvious reasons, undertake to build a housing colony for the Dockyard workers during the war, they were keenly aware of the fact that proper housing for them was one of their primary needs, and accordingly, it was agreed by the Government to build a colony for the workers at a suitable place. This problem was taken up as early as 1944, but a suitable site for the purpose could not be made available. After several explorations, the present site here at Pawai was finally chosen.

This scheme (the Commodore added) is a great step forward by the Government to raise the standard of living and to provide immense opportunities for welfare activities of the workers and the members of their families. "In spite of the great financial stringency this project has been sanctioned. It may also be mentioned here, that a clinic exists namely the Godfrey Clinic, where medical aid and maternity facilities are available for the families of the Dockyard workers. We should all be grateful, to the Government, for their great efforts in this direction. It clearly shows how the Government is keen for the welfare of the workers and to raise the standard of living. It is hoped, that the workers will take this gesture, on the part of the Government, in the right spirit and pay the country back by loyal work and more production."

NO DERATIONING OF FOODGRAINS

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies Minister to the Government of Bombay said in an interview today that there was no truth whatever, in a report appearing in a section of the press that there would be derationing of foodgrains in the near future.

He emphasised that there was no such suggestion or that even such an idea had occurred to government. The very fact that imported foodgrains were being reduced progressively, he said, made it imperative for government to be rigid in the enforcement of rationing.

The minister revealed that the issue price of ration foodgrains will be reduced shortly. This may take a month or two, he added.

Mr. Desai said that an increase in the sugar quantum was entirely dependent on the sugar allotments made to the province by the Centre. There was no prospect of an immediate increase.

Mr. Desai will be attending the Food Ministers' Conference to be held shortly at New Delhi when the country's food policy will be discussed from all its aspects.

Hajj Deposits

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

"In accordance with the Standstill Agreement reached with the Government of Pakistan, the Government of India undertook full responsibility for the administration of Haj pilgrimage in respect of both the dominions of India and Pakistan during the 1947-48 pilgrim season. Each pilgrim was required to deposit with the Hajj Booking Office of the Government of India a sum of Rs. 100/- as part of his passage money.

"As all the applicants could not be provided with passages during that season, the Government of India have been refunding the deposits to the unsuccessful pilgrims. In view of the Special Agreement with Pakistan, the Government of India have exempted the deposits of unsuccessful applicants for Hajj passages during the 1947-48 season from the provisions of the Evacuee Property Ordinance, 1949.

"These deposits will therefore continue to be refunded direct to the pilgrims who may have evacuated from India to Pakistan as in the case of other Pakistan nationals, without the intervention of the Custodian of Evacuee Property, says a Press Note issued by the Ministry of External Affairs.

No Extra Petrol

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—Some time back there was a report that the authorities had decided to grant an extra petrol ration of two gallons on the occasion of the declaration of Republic of India.

Enquiries made by the W.I.A.A. in this connection from the Provincial Rationing Authority show that the matter was at one time under consideration of the Special Petrol Committee but as the Government of India while allotting the final quota for the Province reduced the allocation for the current quarter the proposal had to be dropped.

GENERAL STRIKE IN HYDERABAD

Over 15,000 Workers Out: Army Takes Over

HYDERABAD, Jan. 11. (PTI).

SOME 15,500 workers employed in Hyderabad and Secunderabad municipalities and several Governmental and private industrial undertakings in the two cities went on a general strike early this morning, Mr. Mahadev Singh, President of the Socialist-dominated Hyderabad State Mazdoor Sangh told Press Trust of India.

The strike is in response to the directive issued by the Sangh to about 35,000 workers belonging to the State's 38 trade unions affiliated to the Sangh.

Mr. Mahadev Singh said he was awaiting reports from the districts about the "progress" of the general strike.

Essential services like the Government electricity and telephone departments, water works, drainage, which have been affected by the strike, have been taken over by the Hyderabad and Indian Army personnel and are being run as usual without any break or inconvenience to the public.

An army spokesman told Press Trust of India this morning that the work at the Hyderabad electric power station was, being carried on "excellently well" and would continue to be run so hereafter.

The Hyderabad Army is now controlling the electric power supply to the cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad and the suburbs

WATER SUPPLY

The Army has also taken over the task of supplying about 31 million gallons of water daily to about a million people inhabiting the two cities and suburbs.

Capt. S. A. Hakim, technical officer for essential services, Hyderabad Army, has, it is learnt, been charged with the maintenance of essential services in Hyderabad, while the Indian Army personnel have taken over the maintenance of essential services in Secunderabad city and Cantonment.

Mr. Singh claimed this morning that the strike was "a cent per cent success."

He said that over 1,500 press-workers (compositors, machinemen, and others) in the two cities and about 650 "malis" (gardeners) had also struck work since this morning. About 4,000 workers of two textile mills in Hyderabad City who were advised by the Mazdoor Sangh not to strike, had also joined in the strike, he added.

Government offices and workshops affected by the strike included the P.W.D. (excluding the supervisory staff), mint and currency workshops.

TORIES WILL WIN, SAYS M. P.

But Labour Will Put Up Close Fight

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"We have a better chance than Labour. I think, we will win, but I cannot gainsay that there will be a close fight between Labour and the Conservatives", observed Brigadier A. R. W. Low, the 35-year old Member of the British Parliament (Conservative), in an interview with reporters at the Civil Secretariat today, immediately after emerging from the room, of Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, where he was introduced by the Home Minister to the members of the Bombay Cabinet.

He further said that the chances, however, were fifty-fifty, but there was no doubt that the Conservatives would emerge victorious. He said his stay in Bombay would be brief as he would dash back home to prepare for the forthcoming elections. The Brigadier, who is a director of Grindlay's Bank, said that he had come on a visit to India and Pakistan, in the company of his co-Director General Sir Claude Auchinleck, purely for business purposes. Being a politician himself, he naturally paid a courtesy call to the Bombay Ministers and during the brief period he was with them, they had discussed many things of common interest. But, he said, as a visitor, it was improper on his part, to say anything on the nature of the conversations they had.

He was equally reluctant to pass any opinion on Indian problems, as he felt that as a visitor he had to observe a certain code of decency. Every time reporter posed any question pertaining to India's internal affairs, he parried him off, by vague answers or equally vague laughter.

SWING TOWARDS RIGHT

The sanguinary hope and optimism expressed by the young M.P., was based on his close observations of the results of recent by-elections to the British Parliament. He said, "If you examine the swing of votes in recent by-elections, you'll see what the tendency has been. There is an increase in Conservative votes and a simultaneous decrease in Labour votes?

He admitted that if all the Trade Union Organisations which came under Labour, voted Labour, Labour would no doubt sweep the polls. But it was not so, for, in the past by-elections many members of such organisations had voted Conservative. There were, besides, Conservative trade unions, who would all vote for them.

To a humorous question from a reporter, if the Conservatives, if and when they came to power, would follow Bombay's example and introduce Prohibition, Mr. Low burst out laughing and added, "I can assure you, we won't". He, however, refused to comment on the Prohibition policy of the Government of Bombay.

Questioned, if he agreed with what the Labour Government had done in recent years in granting India's freedom, he said, "to a certain extent Labour had behaved properly."

He felt that if the Tories again came to power, India's position in the Commonwealth would improve.

Mr. Low was a Brigadier at 30, though not the youngest officer of that rank in the British Army.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT

Nominations Invited

DELHI, Jan. 11 (PTI).—Nominations for the election of the first President of the Indian Republic according to provisions of Article 380 of the Constitution have been called for by the Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly.

A communique issued by the Constituent Assembly Secretariat in this connection says:

"Article 380 of the constitution of India makes provision for the election of the first President of India by the Constituent Assembly. Under the rules for the election of the President just published, any person may be nominated for the office of President, but only members of the Constituent Assembly are entitled to nominate. All nominations, duly seconded and agreed to by the candidate himself, are to reach the Secretary of the Constituent Assembly (who will be the returning officer) by 3 p.m. on 23rd January, 1950.

"If only one candidate is nominated, he will automatically be declared elected as President. If there are more candidates than one, then an election will be held at 3 p.m. at the meeting of the Constituent Assembly on 24th January, 1950. The candidate who gets the largest number of votes at the election will be declared elected. The result of the election will be announced on the same day in the Assembly and published in a Gazette of India Extraordinary."

Free Ayurvedic Aid To The Poor

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Swami Ramaprakashji of Shree Ram Aushadhalaya Hardwar Kan has come to Bombay and has put up in Zhaveri Building, 2nd floor, Hughes Road, Swamiji is treating poor patients free of charge and cures their ailments. The needy may take advantage of his presence in Bombay.

Cabinet Sub-Committee For Food Drive

INDORE, January 10 (PTI).— A Cabinet Sub-Committee, consisting of Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, Premier, and the Finance, Revenue, Irrigation and Development Ministers of Madhya Bharat, has been constituted by the Madhya Bharat Government, in order to co-ordinate the activities of the various departments in respect of the food production drive in Madhya Bharat and to take quick decisions in matters relating to it, it is learnt here.

BY-ELECTIONS TO PARLIAMENT

Socialists And Opposition To Boycott

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11 (UPD.—The Socialist Party members of the U.P. Legislative Assembly, are not participating in the by-elections to the Indian Parliament as they considered it "an election in which no principles are involved and only some persons are contesting each other."

The Janata Party (former Muslim League) the main opposition in the Legislature, is also not participating in the elections because, as a spokesman of the Party put it "the attitude of the majority party, i.e., the Congress, is such that it does not want to accommodate other parties." The leader of the party Mr. Z. H. Lari, who had resigned some weeks back from the Constituent Assembly on the language issue, filed nomination paper today, but he is likely to withdraw it tomorrow. He had written to the Leader of the Congress Party requesting him to leave one seat uncontested for his party because on an earlier occasion his party, when it commanded a majority amongst Muslim members had agreed not to oppose Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's candidature to the Constituent Assembly on the request of the Congress Party.

The strength of the Janata Party, is at present 18 and that of the Socialists three in the Provincial Legislature.

Election for the 26 seats in the Indian Parliament from the United Provinces will take place on January 14 for which thirty-seven nominations were filed today.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

KALYAN D.P.s DEMAND FREE RATIONS

Police Officials Pacify Demonstrators

Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Rehabilitation, Government of Bombay, told reporters today that there was no satyagraha or hunger strike in the Kalyan refugee camp yesterday. He, however, admitted that there were demonstrations outside the camp Commandant's office. No military was called out as reported in a section of the press.

An official spokesman said today that 300 refugees started demonstrating day before yesterday demanding the continuance of free rations to them, which government had stopped from this month. The demonstration continued yesterday and the number of demonstrators increased considerably. The District Magistrate and Collector of Thana and the District Superintendent of Police arrived on the scene and pacified the demonstrators who then dispersed peacefully.

This morning officials of the Bombay Government including the Deputy Secretary in charge of the Rehabilitation Department Mr. P. R. Nayak, and General Bhonsle, the Director of Rehabilitation have gone there to make on-the-spot inquiries.

Morarka's Conviction Upheld

SENTENCES ENHANCED

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

1. Gokulchand Dwarkadas Morarka. 2. Damji Jethabhai Shah .... Appellants (Accused) vs.

The Crown ..... Respondent

Observing that the accused and men of their persuasion are conscious of their wealth and the power that wealth gives, and that power is used flauntingly and shamelessly to corrupt anyone, however high, who could help them in their personal aggrandizement their lordships confirmed the judgment of Mr. K. J. Khambatta which their lordships characterized as a careful and very able judgment. Their lordships, however, enhanced the sentences of 6 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 and of 3 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 passed by the trial magistrate on accused 1 and 2 respectively to 1 year's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 and to 6 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000.

PROSECUTION CASE

Accused 1 is a Director of the Sholapur Mills and of the Apollo Mills and accused 2 is a merchant and businessman The Anti-Corruption Branch of the CID were investigating the alleged unloading of high denomination notes to the two mills by their Managing Agents in which the persons principally involved were accused 1 and his uncle. On 24th April 1948, one Nusserwanji Manekji Kalyaniwalla was alleged to have approached Miranda with the offer of a bribe. Miranda decided to trap the accused 1 and on 30th April 1948 had an interview with him when it was arranged that Rs. 1 lakh was to be paid by accused 1 to Miranda as the first instalment of a bribe of Rs. 10 lakhs, on Miranda undertaking to keep loopholes in the investigation of the case in connection with the high denomination notes. The amount was actually paid to Miranda by accused 2 on behalf of accused 1 on 5th May 1948 in 10 bundles of Rs. 100 notes wrapped in sheets from the "Samachar" of 23-4-48 at the residence of Miranda when the police party raided the place with panchas. Accused 1 subsequently had a telephone conversation on the subject with Miranda the same evening which was listened-in by panchas and in consequence of statements by the accused, the remaining pages of the "Samachar" of 23-4-48 were recovered by the police from the premises of the Apollo Mills.

The trial magistrate had charged with and convicted Morarka under Section 116 read with Section 161 I.P.C. of the offence of having abetted Inspector Miranda, a public servant, in committing an offence under Section 161 I.P.C. of receiving illegal gratification which offence was, however, not committed by Inspector Miranda, on 5th May 1948 through his agent accused 2 as a motive for the showing by Inspector Miranda of certain favours in the exercise of his official functions. Accused 2 had been charged with and convicted under Section 109 read with Sections 116 and 161 in that he abetted Morarka (accused 1) in the commission of the above offence.

THE DEFENCE THEORY

Morarka admitted that accused 2 was his friend and that accused 2 had approached Miranda as his agent. Morarka admitted acquaintance with Nusserwanji and that Nusserwanji was his agent to make certain overtures to Miranda. Most of the interviews were admitted but the prosecution and the defence differed as to what happened thereat and as to the nature of the overtures. The defence story was that on the night of 4th May, pursuant to the request of Morarka, accused 2 brought from Miranda two Crime Reports, that Morarka got them copied and on 5th May he sent accused 2 to Miranda to return the originals, that Morarka never offered a bribe to Miranda and that the entire prosecution story had been concocted because Miranda was fond of publicity, wanted to pose as an incorruptible officer and wanted quick promotion by doing something sensational.

JUDGMENT

Characterizing the motive alleged against Miranda as fantastic, their lordships observed that ambition was often a spurt to noble actions and there would be nothing wrong if Miranda aspired to higher office by doing his work well and proving himself to be an honourable and incorruptible officer.

Disagreeing with the trial magistrate with regard to the evidence of Nusserwanji, their lordships held that a person who co-operates with another in the payment of a bribe on who is instrumental in negotiations for the offering of a bribe must be looked upon as an accomplice and that at any rate it would be unsafe to convict on his evidence if it had been uncorroborated.

Their lordships were, however, of opinion that the defence criticism of the prosecution evidence had not in any way impaired the veracity authenticity or unimpeachable character of all the other prosecution evidence. With regard to the criticism levelled by the defence against the conduct of Miranda their lordships observed that it was not an unwilling citizen who had been trapped into offering a bribe and that there was no other method of counteracting the dangerous and persistent efforts of Morarka to corrupt Miranda.

Observing that the offence was a most heinous and anti-social one their lordships enhanced the sentences of imprisonment passed on the accused by the trial magistrate while maintaining the sentences of fine as well as the order of confiscation of Rs. 1 lakh passed by the trial magistrate. Their lordships directed the accused to surrender to his bail.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

SALE OF ELECTRIC CABLES AND HYDROGENATED COOKING OIL

Tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase of the following Surplus Stores:—

I. TENDER NO. DGD/CPM-6/SR-45909/40: (a) Approx. 3,12,000 Yds. of Cable Electric of various types eg. Tough Rubber Sheathed, Telephone, lead Sheathed, Varnished Cambric Insulated, located at R.I.N. Stores Depot, Vizagapatam, and

(b) Approx. 3,70,000 Yds. of Cables Electric V.I.R.: lying at Engineer Stores Depot, Kandivlee, Bombay.

II. TENDER NO. H/172(F): Approx. 1,754 Maunds of Hydrogenated Cooking Oil fit for human consumption lying at Kurukshetra Camp.

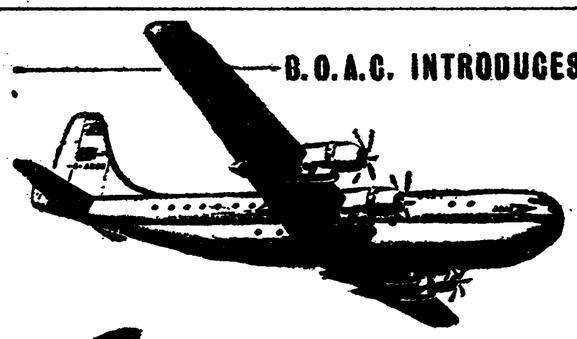
There are separate tender forms for items I and II which should be submitted separately. Tender forms containing details of stores, and of earnest money deposit, instructions to tenderers, conditions of sale and inspection permit can be had from the Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Kanpur at Rs. 5/- per set for each tender in cash or by money order.

Tenders for I should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, Capital Plant & Machinery Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and for II to the Director General of Disposals, Food Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and should be received by 4 P.M. on 3rd February, 1950.

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,

NEW DELHI.

DGD



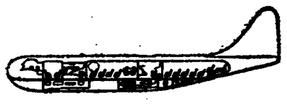
B.O.A.C. INTRODUCES

Stratocruiser

SPEEDBIRDS ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

Yes, B.O.A.C. has added Stratocruisers to its modern Speedbird Fleet! Passengers relax in deep-seated comfort and enjoy double-decked spaciousness in these, the largest, fastest, most luxurious airliners in the world. The main cabin on the upper deck is linked with the lower-deck lounge by a spiral staircase. The entire aircraft is air-conditioned and pressurized for smooth over-the-weather flying.

Complimentary meals are served in flight and there are no tips or extras for traditionally fine Speedbird service.



Double-decked Stratocruiser Speedbirds accommodate 60 passengers comfortably, cruise easily and quietly on four engines at an average speed of 325 m.p.h.

B.O.A.C. TAKES GOOD CARE OF YOU

FLY B·O·A·C

Information & Bookings from Booking Agents in all principal cities, or from: BOMBAY—B. O. A. C. Air Booking Centre, The Taj Mahal Hotel, Telephone 35815.

BRITISH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS CORPORATION

PATENTS ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. R. G. Saraiya, Vice-President, Mr Sarabhai Pratapral and Mr. A. C. Ramalingam gave oral evidence before the Patents Enquiry Committee Among other things, they mainly stressed, during the course of their discussion, the following aspects:

Protecting the public against the risk of owners, obtaining rights, not working the patents themselves and at the same time not allowing others to work the patents; desirability of India joining the International Convention for the protection of industrial property and thereby securing reciprocal international rights and privileges in regard to patents; creation of a National Patents Trust by the Government of India in which would be vested the rights concerning State-owned and State-subsidised inventions; setting up of Special Courts or Tribunals for the purpose of dealing with legal matters arising out of the Patent Law; steps for improving public knowledge in regard to matters concerning patents; and special provisions relating to designs.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Posh Vad 9, 2006.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 22, 1369.
Parsi: Amardad 12, 1319.
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m. Sunset: 6-20 p.m.
Hightide: 05-10, 18-54. Lowtide: —, 12-06.

Today's Engagements

REALIST PARTY OF INDIA: Inaugural meeting at Dr. Jivanji Modi Hall, Cama Oriental Institute, Fort, 5 p.m.

OVERSEAS COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE: Inauguration of India-Afghanistan Radio Telegraph Service, Central Telegraph Office, Flora Fountain, 5 p.m. Hon. Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai inaugurating.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS: The Commissioner will meet councillors of the Colaba-Fort Wards near Electric House to go round the wards on Friday at 8-30 a.m.

Inter-School Debate

At 4-40 p.m. on Thursday, January 12, the School Broadcast Programme of AIR, Bombay will include an Inter-School Debate in Marathi. The subject for discussion will be "Does Art develop through industry or inspiration". This can be heard on Bombay (A) and 'B'.

Variety Entertainment

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Students' Aid Committee of the Ismail Yusuf College, Jogeshwari is staging a Variety Entertainment in aid of the Poor Students' Fund at 5 p.m. on Sunday, January 15 in the College Hall. The programme includes dances by Miss Mohile and Miss Rutty Bhapoo of the School of Indian Dancing; songs by Miss Geeta Roy, Master Nawshad, Miss Hakeem Ayisha, Mr. Ishwarlal, and others; Magic performance by that noted magician Mr. Hameed Sayani; the College Amateurs are staging a one act play in English—"The Bishop's Candle-Sticks' and a farce in Hindi—'Ek Anar'; and a Gypsy dance.

Patrons are requested to help by donating generously to the Fund.

Seth Ebrahim Haji Habeeb has kindly agreed to preside over the function.

TODAY'S RADIO

THURSDAY, Jan. 12.

Air News From Delhi

English—8 a.m., 1-30 p.m. 6, 9; Gujerati—9-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15; Hindustani—8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m., 6-10, 9-15; Kannada—7-45 a.m., 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam—7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m.; Marathi—8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15; Telugu—7 a.m., 1-50 p.m., 7.

BOMBAY

7 30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee, 7-35 Physical Education, 7-40 Today's Programme, 7-45 N. Jekisondas, Bhajans, 8-15 Ram Marathe, Todi, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 N. Jekisondas, Bhajan, 1-10 Sangit Saaj, 1-40 Dance Music, 4-20 School Broadcast, 5-0 Hindi by Radio, 5-20 N. D. Khoti, Pakhwaj, 5-30 For Children, E, 6-10 E. R. Prabhu, Violin, 6-30 Gokulbai Kakodkar, kh. Vilambit, 7-0 Day's Topic, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 G. Mehboobkhan, Vocal, 7-45 For Industrial Workers, 8-30 Gharanghane, G Talk, 8-45 "Ajod Kakakar", by P. M. Mistry G, 9-15 N. D. Koli, Pakhwaj, 9-30 Film Songs, 9-45 Talk in English, 10-0 Manek Bhagat, Piano, 10-20 Wm. Hess, 10-30 Mehli Mehta, Violin.

VARIATIONS—8-9 a.m. N. D. Koli, Pakhwaj, 8-45 P. S. Dixit, Bhavgeet, 1-0 p.m. Shanta Deodhar, Vocal, 1-30 Sangeet Saaj, 1-50 For Women, 6-0 Shanta Deodhar, Vocal, 6-20 For Rural Listeners, 7-30 Commercial News, 8-15 Ram Marathe, Pad 9-0 M. H. Nadgir, K. Bhavgeet, 10-0 Ram Marathe, Puria.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. As in Ahmedabad, 7-40 Physical Education, 7-45 Devotional Songs, 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 8-30 V. Potkar, Dilruba, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 5-45 M. M. Sultan, Songs, 6-10 Hindi Lessons, 6-30 For Rural Listeners, 7-0 As in Ahmedabad, 7-15 Our Province, G Talk, 7-30 Instr. Quartet, 7-45 M. M. Sultan, Ghazal, 8-0 Geet Lahri, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 B. Thakkar, Bansari, 8-45 As in Ahmedabad, 9-15 Ustad F. Khan, Rare Raagas.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. M. Bux, Sarangi, 7-40 Physical Education, 7-45 Garbo Rang Bharlo, 8-15 A. K Khan, 8-30 As in Baroda, 5-30 p.m. Mehboob Bux, Sarangi, 5-45 As in Baroda, 6-10 Hindi Lessons, 6-30 Samuh Geets, 6-45 Mehboob Bux, Sarangi, 7-0 Lest you Forget, 7-15 Our Province, G Talk, 7-30 For Industrial Workers, 8-0 Garbi Composition of Dayaram, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 As in Baroda, 8-45 Kavya Sangeet, 9-15 As in Baroda.

B. B. C.

B. B. C. News Schedule and Metre Bands. 6-30 a.m.—31 and 41; 8-30—31 and 41; 9-30—31; 11-30—19 and 25; 12-30 p.m. 13 and 19; 4-30—13 and 16; 6-30—13 and 16, 9-30—10 and 31.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 6-45 a.m. Mid-Week Talk, 7 We Beg to Differ, 7-30 Land and Livestock, 8 Arthur Wellington 8-15 Balance of Europe, 8-45 Czech Philharmonic Orchestra, 10 Lan Stewart and His Orchestra, 10-30 Wilfred Pickles in 'Have A Go'. 11 Sports Review. 11-45 Listerers' Choice. 11-45 Music from Grand Hotel 12-45 Programme Announcements. 1 p.m. The Winter Proms. 2-15 Merchant Navy Newsletter. 2-30 A Year I Remember. 2-15 Symphony of Strings. 3-45 Science and Everyday Life. 4 Bunny May and His Orchestra. 4-45 Sporting Record 5 Music Magazine. 5-15 Generally Speaking 5-45 Eve Becke. 6 Books to Read. 6-45 Film Review. 6-45 Montmartre Players. 7 The Women's Programme. 7-45 Scrapbook For 1939 8-45 Ray Martin. 9-15 Special Dispatch. 9-45 New Records. 10-30 British Political Weeklies.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 a.m. Tamilosai. 8 Behnon Ki Khidmat Men 8-15 Sunne Ki Baten. 8-30 Sabras.

CORPORATION BUDGET NOT STRAIGHTFORWARD

Mr. M. V. Donde's Criticism

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. M. V. Donde, Socialist corporator, told the Bombay Municipal Corporation today that the financial position of the Corporation was not so gloomy as indicated by the Municipal Commissioner in the budget. Mr. Donde was criticising the budget in its various aspects. Mayor Mr. S. K. Patil was in the chair.

Mr. Donde said that the whole picture of the municipal finances as drawn by the Commissioner was incorrect and unrealistic, and was apt to create panic in the minds of the citizens.

The Socialist Corporator pointed out that they had a surplus cash balance of Rs. one crore and 24 lakhs, and with this in hand, it was improper to suggest that their position was embarrassing. He declared: "The budget is far from being real or straightforward. Our financial position is completely sound. There would be no crisis if all the sections of the House are to be taken into confidence by the majority party."

Mr. Donde complained that the Bombay Government was shirking its responsibility towards primary education in the city, with the result that the municipality had to bear the whole burden. Their expenditure on primary education came to a colossal sum of nearly one crore of rupees. The Government was bound by law to share half of this. Instead they gave a paltry sum of about Rs. 10 lakhs. This was highly disappointing.

Mr. Donde exhorted the corporators to consider it to be their moral duty to fight out the issue with the Government, if necessary, even in a court of law.

Mr. Donde urged that every year a substantial sum should be earmarked for erecting suitable municipal school buildings. He believed that this would help to improve the quality of education imparted in the municipal schools.

REVENUE SOURCES

Earlier Mr. Homi J. Talyarkhan speaking on the budget urged that the Government should consider the case of primary education more sympathetically, particularly in view of the fact that social, vocational, basic and physical education were all on the bill. He further pleaded that the Government of India should allow them two pice out of six pice collected by them on every telephone call in the city. According to his calculations, this would fetch about Rs. 20 lakhs to the coffers of the Corporation every year.

Mr. Talyarkhan further suggested that the Bombay Government should contribute a part of Rs. 26 lakhs which the Corporation was going to spend on the roads during the year. He pointed out that in England and Wales, Government made grants ranging from 20 to 70 per cent towards the expenses on building new roads and improving the old ones.

As additional sources of revenue Mr. Talyarkhan suggested a tax on cine slides, a tax on water used by railways, a tax on shipping trade, a tax on cars parked in the streets, a tax on restaurants bills of more than Rs. 3, a professional tax, a tax on hotel rooms and a tax on the extra amounts collected by some city clubs on every game that they allowed to be played either in the card room or on the field.

Industrial Disputes For Arbitration

The industrial disputes between the Mahendra Silk Mills, Ahmedabad, and the Shree Jyoti Silk Weaving Works, Surat, annd their respective workers have been referred for arbitration to the Industrial Court.

Ambedkar Meets Nanda

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Law Minister, Government of India, paid a "courtesy call" to Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour Government of Bombay, at the Secretariat today.

COOLER NIGHTS IN THE NORTH

All-India Weather

POONA, January 11. (P.T.I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday, Jan. 11, 1950:

Weather has been dry over the country, except for few light showers in southeast Madras and south Malabar.

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in east Rajasthan, the central parts of the country, northeast India and Hyderabad and were markedly so in and around the east Central Provinces and Vindhya Pradesh.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THURSDAY EVENING: Rain or snow may occur at a few stations in and near the hills of the East Punjab. Isolated light showers may also occur in the extreme south of the peninsula.

Night temperatures will rise in the East Punjab and the United Provinces.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from December 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hrs. I.S.T. on January 11, 1950:—

Ahmedabad 85 63 0 0 minus 0.1 Ahmednagar 81 51 0 0 minus 0.4 Bangalore 79 59 0 0 minus 0.5 Baroda 89 52 0 0 0 Belgaum 81 58 0 0 minus 0.4 BOMBAY 91 70 0 0 minus 0.2 Calcutta 73 47 0 0 minus 0.3 Delhi 72 47 0 0 minus 0.5 Hyderabad (Dn.) 82 50 0 0 minus 0.4 Lucknow 73 47 0 0 minus 0.5 Madras 83 68 T 0.5 minus 5.6 Mahabaleshwar 70 55 0 0 minus 0.3 Mysore 84 65 0 0 minus 0.5 Nagpur 81 46 0 0 minus 0.6 Patna 70 45 0 0 minus 0.3 Poona 84 48 0 0 minus 0.2 Sholapur 84 54 0 0 minus 0.5 Simla 52 41 0 1.6 minus 0.2 Surat 90 60 0 0 minus 0.1.

Austerity Measures In E. Bengal

CALCUTTA Jan. 11 (PTD.

Following the suspension of Indian coal to Pakistan the East Bengal Government have adopted severe austerity measures to meet the acute shortage of coal, it is learnt.

The use of coal is being controlled and a permit system has been introduced restricting its use.

The East Bengal Government are reported to have reduced the number of trains while certain other trains have been taken off the schedule thus conserving coal supplies for the running of principal passenger trains and jute specials.

It is estimated that the inland navigation companies may have coal stocks only for another few weeks which would materially affect the transport of jute to Chittagong.

Two More Explosions In Calcutta

CALCUTTA Jan. 11 (PTD.

Two bombs exploded in a house in the Manicktola area this morning, while the enforcement branch police were searching the place for unearthing contraband foodstuffs. No one was, however injured in the explosion but the tiled roof of an adjoining house was partially damaged.

The police made further searches in the locality following the incident No arrests have been made.

The Pulse Of The City

SYSTEMATIC CHEATING: A gang of cheats had systematically defrauded several victims of various sums of money. Ramchandra Jaykrishna Sharma, Abdul Majid Gulam Mohamed and Ramkishan Mangal who were arrested on Wednesday morning by the General Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. are alleged to have chosen their victims by approaching advertisers who had offered immovable property for sale, pretending to be prospective buyers The seller is induced to visit the buyer's place and later invited to join a game of cards in which he is invariably the loser. On a complaint lodged by one of the victims the three men were taken into custody. Presidency Magistrate Mr. Khambatta allowed them to be released on a bail of Rs. 10,000.

NO MORE SECRECY: The Colaba Police arrested, Tuesday, Lawrence Salvador Rodrigues for alleged possession and distillation of illicit liquor. Three bottles of illicit liquor, seven gallons of wash and a complete working still which was installed in the room of the accused are reported to have been seized.

MORE RAIDS: Jamas Adadkhan was arrested by the Andheri police, Monday, for alleged possession of over 4 gallons of illicit liquor and 200 gallons of wash. Tulshya Bandhya was arrested by the Northern Preventive Section while he is alleged to have been a conducting a working still at Versova. Contrabands worth Rs. 1,750, including gallons of illicit liquor and 600 gallons of wash were recovered in this instance.

COP INJURED: A police party entered Chawda Chawl, Tardeo, Tuesday, to search the house of one Balya Janu. Radhabai Tukaram, a resident in that house signalled to Balya Janu to escape but before he could take to his heels, the police put him under arrest. Balya is reported to have put up a stiff resistance and kicked a police constable who received injuries.

NOTHING EXTRA: The Bombay Provincial Petrol Rationing Authority has dropped the proposal of granting extra petrol ration on the occasion of the declaration of the Republic on January 26.

GAMBLING, YEH: Inspector Desai and his staff carried out raids at Moosa Chawl, Tambakuwalla Chawl and other tenements situated at Maruti Gali; and Worli D. D. Chawl No. 121, and arrested 60 persons for card gambling. Several decks of cards and money amounting to Rs. 1,000 were seized by the police.

CAR WHISKED AWAY: A motor car belonging to Mr. M. Dharmsa, a resident of Cuffe Parade is alleged to have been stolen, Monday, from the maidan opposite the Catholic Gym, Marine Drive, where it had been parked.

CORRECTION

"SINORA"

The advertisement regarding "SINORA" which was published in the issue of 'Bombay Chronicle' of 9th January, a mistake in spelling the word "Asthma" in the headline has crept in through oversight. It should be read as "SINORA FOR ASTHMA."

FORGET ME NOT.

KEY

to

Open the door leading to The Hall of Success of Commerce & Enterprise in

BENGAL

Open Sesame—

Monthly Basumati

(1)

Zamindar.
Badhurani—
Bararani, Mejorani, Chotorani.
Begum Saheba.
Manager of Estate.
Naib—
Bara Taraf, Madhyam Taraf, Choto Taraf.
Workshop Manager.

(2)

Rai Bahadur, Rai Sahib.
Lieut. Colnel.
Doctor
Principal, Profesr.
Pleader, Barrister.
Government Minister.
Government High Officer.
Government Officer, Delhi, Simla etc.
Pandit, Teacher, Head Master.
Civiliana.
Editor

(3)

Secretary & Librarian.
General Institutions.
Agriculture, Officers Union.
Ladies Sangha.
Youth Sangha.
Charitable Organisation.
Prabasi Bengali Club.
Out side India Foreign Bengali Club.
Babu's Club.
School, College, Tol, Madrasa.
Hospital.
Merchant Officers.
Sahitya Sangha.

(4)

Sister of the Convent.
Missionaries.
Bengalee Missionaries.

(5)

Readers other than Bengalees in India, Pakistan and all over the World.

A Survey of Our Classified Readers.

BASUMATI

CAL—12.

6TH WEEK!

KARDAR PRODUCTIONS'

NATAK

SUPER Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

NEXT CHANGE AT BROADWAY & BANDRA.

FROM TOMORROW—

KWATRA CHITRA

EK-TERI-NISHANI

TAJ * EXCELSIOR

RADHESHYAM (Vile Parle).

A BHARAT P. Release.

Electric Motors

for Sewing Machines. Universal Type, A.C., D.C. Limited Ready Stock.

PEDNEKAR & CO. LTD.—

172, Girgaum Rd., Bombay 4

The Bombay Chronicle

THE BUSINESS TO BE MINDED

The Colombo Conference has shown no indication of the delegates settling down to serious business. It is perhaps natural, considering the fact that interest in foreign affairs in the Dominions of the Commonwealth is newborn, that much time should be spent on covering ground that should have been otherwise covered. But since the intention is to present a firm front of resistance to Communism, it was to be hoped that something towards concrete achievement would have been accomplished. Communism is not spending time in conferences and consultations; the new manifestation of Communist activity is moving fast to completion of the first stage. The nations represented at Colombo have three tasks to accomplish: They have, not to decide on their attitude towards Red China—that has been done by the Dominions before the Conference met; but to build up a unity in their different policies. They have to frame a common programme of strengthening themselves against internal disorder and political unrest. And they have to shed all those characteristics which make for a weak and divided society. Pandit Jawaharlal, according to the reports, put the case tersely when he called for giving up colonialism, for eradicating feudalism and for planned effort to improve the economic conditions of the people. The outside force of Communism could make no headway, he observed, unless there were weaknesses within. But there is little sign that the Comonwealth countries will heed the omens whilst it is still time. It is not that any one unit in the political system requires attention or is guilty of holding back. In all of them there are things to be done which are receiving little effective attention. The Colombo Conference cannot, in reason, be expected to produce the common effort which is needed; but it should have done much more than it appears to be doing to rouse opinion in the various Dominions. Since local patriotism is stronger than the Commonwealth team spirit, each Dominion representative presents his own national point of view and seeks to get it accepted by the others. What distresses the observer is the absence of any sense of urgency among the Conference delegates. Possibly, much more has been done than the published reports indicate, but it is extremely doubtful.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave a very lucid and commonsense picture of Mao's China. It was a plea for approaching the new regime without prejudice. No doubt, Mao Tse-Tung has gone out of his way to dispel all thought of his heading a movement of agrarian reform; he has indicated his affinities with Moscow and his adherence to Communism. But this need not be the cause of serious alarm; nor should it create an unsympathetic atmosphere. Here the Indian Prime Minister was presenting the reverse of what Mr. Bevin stated in his preliminary speech. Mr. Bevin saw no reason why Russia should intervene in the development of Asian nations. Pandit Jawaharlal says that there is no reason for Asian nations to allow prejudices to develop to a point where it amounts to interference with the Communist regime in China. Here Asia's attitude towards China differs radically from that of the Western Democracies. The problem for any government in China, as for any government in other Asian nations, is that of raising the living standard of the people. And it is this test that will be applied in the ultimate analysis. Presumably, all the nations are concerned about their own conditions and left to themselves, the will to interfere with each other need not be expected to assert itself. If the non-Asian Dominions of the Commonwealth appreciated this, they would have attained the psychological state necessary for cooperative effort. In other words, the main thing is to attend to improvement of conditions in South-East Asia, instead of attempting to build an anti-Communist front. This was the Indian Prime Minister's broad hint to the Conference, and it will be half the battle won if it is understood by the delegates.

Hindi Vocabulary

The adoption, by the Rashtrabhasha Standardisation Conference held at Nagpur, of a plan for the standardisation of the vocabulary of Hindi, marks an important decision. Compilation of such a vocabulary was a logical corollary of the acceptance by the Constituent Assembly of Hindi as the national language. Its beginning must be made at an early date so as to set a uniform standard of the national language for the whole country; but the task is by no means easy and should, therefore, not be undertaken in a haphazard manner or accomplished in undue haste. The Conference has realised the magnitude of their task and has admitted that it would not be possible to take up the whole of it at once. In order to compile an English-Hindi dictionary, the Conference has outlined a scheme for the settlement, in stages, of terminology for the full range of expression in the national language. The settlement of branch-terminology in stages should be the right procedure to collate the collected material and to put it in the form of a dictionary. The principal task before an All-India Board of experts, whose establishment was suggested by the Conference, should be to enrich Hindi and to make it self-contained and all-embracing.

To achieve this end, it would be necessary to explore, without prejudice or preference, all the linguistic resources of the country and to assess the relative utility of terms and expressions selected from them. Hindi will primarily and mainly draw from Sanskrit. It should as well draw from all other Indian languages. Hindi terms will ultimately be inter provincial in character, but among them should be included current exact equivalents of Hindi in regional languages. In the final analysis, all such terms should be Hindi and, therefore, inter-provincial in character. Though the Conference has accepted the use of international terms in certain spheres, the difficulty of substituting several English terms and expressions was likely to arise; and their literary pandits will be tempted to take a short cut by coining new words with the help of Sanskrit. The right course, should, however, be to consult works in all branches of Sanskrit literature and to pick up the available exact equivalents from them. The coining of new words should be the last resort. Much will depend upon the qualifications and experience of the personnel selected for the purpose of compiling the dictionary. Such a personnel should consist of scholars who should be experts in various branches of Sanskrit and English literature or of scholars who might represent both literatures separately but would work in a spirit of collaboration to achieve a material objective.

Communist Split

The earlier reports of a split in the Communist Party of India have been confirmed. Eight prominent members from Maharashtra have resigned and more are threatened with expulsion on the charge of not following the party line of creating disorders inside jails "as a means of discrediting the Nehru Government." Whatever be their motive, their refusal should stand them in good stead in the future. Whatever may be said against the Communists, there are very few to beat them in their fanatic zeal for the cause they support, however misguided their aims may be. Many of them who have left or have been expelled from the Communist Party have become prominent for their service to the people and the country. The first example that strikes us is that of Jayaprakash Narayan. If Nimbkar had lived longer it is likely that he would have played a prominent part in labour politics. Scores of examples can be given from foreign countries where men, who have turned their back on Communism, have lived to earn the public esteem and even the love of the people. The future careers of these expelled men will be watched with interest, if they are serious about their break from Communism.

Thought For The Day

In the lexicon of youth, which fate reserves for a bright manhood, there is no such word as—fail.

—LYTTON.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

The whole attitude of the first accused seems to have been that money can buy anything and every person, however honourable, has his value. If such an attitude were to prevail and to become common, it would go far to disrupt society and to make money the only standard by which all human action should be judged.....

—From Judgment of the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar in enhancing sentence on Mr. Gokulchand Morarka.

* *

Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, head of the R.S.S., told pressmen at Jullundur that there was no purpose in his visit except to "meet friends".

We were not aware that it was necessary or even useful to visit Jullundur for this purpose.

* *

Mr. Golwalkar has found out that it was nbt necessary for the Sangh to have political power.

It is an old story: The grapes are very sour, indeed.

* *

The glamorous Eva Peron, wife of the Argentine President, has invited Begum Liaquat Ali Khan to visit Argentine. The Chairman of the Argentine Foreign Affairs Committee, now visiting Karachi, told pressmen that, if the Begum went, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan might also go.

And if he did not, Senator Molinari tactfully refrained from saying, he would not be missed.

* *

The Czech Ministry of Information has banned all books published before the end of the war and all books not bearing a date of publication as a step in the gradual process of "eliminating the past."

We also see that scientists have found during a visit to South Africa that ostriches do bury their heads in the sand.

* *

A Communist document, seized in Singapore, maintains that Comrades who demand democracy are exercising a baneful influence on the party. "This blind worship of extreme democracy will inevitably weaken party leadership and cannot be tolerated", it says.

A Daniel come to judgment! After all, it requires a democrat to be a democratic leader.

* *

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, writes a Karachi Correspondent of a Bombay newspaper, warned Afghanistan that "while the Government of Pakistan are willing to establish friendly relations with rulers of Afghanistan, they cannot be expected for friendship."

Now the Afghan Government has been warned.

FOCUS ON FORMOSA

By Our Correspondent

LONDON, By Air.

FOREIGN intervention in the battle of Formosa, which is about to begin, will be a serious blow to the cause of peace. It will not result in propping up the tottering regime of Chiang Kai-Shek, who does not enjoy the confidence of even many of his followers, but it will definitely lower the moral stature of the Western Powers. Formosa is Chinese and it is for the Chinese to decide its fate. If foreigners were to keep off, the matter would be settled without large-scale bloodshed. It would be far better that Formosa is lost than that the people should lose confidence in the democratic nations.

Formosa, is an island in Western Pacific separated from China by about ninety miles. In area the island is nearly ten times Delhi, with a population of about six millions. The island produces sugar, rice, tea, jute and camphor. Minerals include coal, copper, silver and gold. A range of mountains from the north forms the backbone of the island, the eastern half being exceedingly steep, but the western slope is flat and fertile. Formosa was grabbed by the Japanese in 1895 after the Sino-Japanese war and remained Japanese until 1945 when it was restored to China.

Driven away from the Chinese mainland by the Chinese Communists Chiang Kai-shek and his cabinet and troops made the island their headquarters recently. Chiang seems to have the notion that he can keep on the fight from the island and had asked the United States for aid in his "last-ditch" fight. Pressure is being brought to bear on President Truman, in spite of his recent declaration, to help Chiang, but many think it would be height of folly to intervene.

The capacity of the Americans to seise the island is not questioned but the consequences that would flow from it might easily bring the world to the verge of the war. Nothing would suit Chiang more than the outbreak of a world war which, he feels, would result in his reinstatement as the ruler of non-Communist China. But lovers of freedom and peace cannot contemplate this prospect with equapimity.

NO IMMEDIATE DANGER

The occupation of Formosa by Chinese Communists can be no direct threat to American interests. It could be a threat only if the island were used if it were to be used as a base for operations of hostile navy and airforce. The Communist China has neither air force nor navy that should cause anxiety to anyone. Besides, the U.S.A. has ample resources and bases in the Pacific to prevent hostile action against her security. Talk of intervention is talk of madness. Earlier all talk of intervention is abandoned the better for American prestige, Chinese settlement and peace of Asia and the world. If Communist is to be contained it would not be contained by intervention.

CHIANG'S CHANCES

What are the chances of Chiang holding the island without the aid of foreign powers? He has about 200 to 300 planes. He can no doubt blast communist junks crossing the 100 mile-channel without an air umbrella to protect them. Chiang has also about 100,000 infantrymen and an armoured force of 35,000 with American tanks. Chiang managed to bring almost the entire treasury of the central nationalist Government when he left the mainland. He also brought gold bullion reserves to Formosa. These are great advantages.

But he faces even greater disadvantages, both material and psychological. He has sustained so many defeats that even his followers have lost faith. No doubt there are some amongst his followers, who would die at his command. Some of his generals are quite efficient. But a large number are of his officers are no good at all and his soldiers are more or less demoralised. Many at the first opportunity would desert him and go over to the Communists. Besides, the large majority of the people of Formosa hate the Nationalists. Even though they are not Communists they would not raise their little finger to save them. The Nationalists did not deal kindly with the people. When they took over the control of the island a few years ago. Many political leaders are still rotting in prison. The uprising of February 1947 was suppressed brutally. The Taiwanese call the 'incident' a massacre. Of late attempts have been made by the Nationalists to conciliate the islanders. But, excepting the few rich, the mass of the people are still hostile to them. The economic condition of the island is far from satisfactory. On account of the recent bumper rice crop the food situation might not cause concern at the moment, but prices are already shooting up causing, widespread distress. Besides, this food would not be enough to feed the vast forces gathered in the island.

The local Government is already broke. It can function only if subsidised by Chiang. In spite of the vast treasures brought from the mainland, Chiang Kai-shek will not be able to carry on for long. Soon a crisis would overtake him and the long-suffering islanders could revolt. And then the Communists would strike their knock-out blow.

Formosa, as a confidential U. S. State Department document recently pointed out would soon or later fall to the Chinese Communists. Chiang Kai-shek should realise this fact however unpleasant it might be and abandon the hopeless task of regaining power. If this were done unnecessary bloodshed might be avoided. In London it is believed Truman would be able to resist the pressure of the fanatics and keep out of the Chinese conflict.

GRIEVANCES OF REFUGEES

Deputation To Meherchand Khanna

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A deputation of Sind Hindu Seva Samiti, led by Dr. Choitram P. Gidwani, President of the All-India Refugee Association, waited upon Mr. Meherchand Khanna, Rehabilitation Adviser to the Government of India, this afternoon, and apprised him of the plight of the displaced persons in the Bombay Province.

The deputationists also requested Mr. Khanna, to move the Bombay Government to allot them lands near Bombay for constructing houses for displaced persons and also grant liberally hawkers licences to displaced persons in the city of Bombay, to enable them to earn their living and thus rehabilitate themselves.

Mr. Meherchand Khanna, it is understood, gave a patient hearing to the deputationists, and assured them that he would place their demands before the Bombay Government and urge them to consider their demands sympathetically.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Medical Education

The All India Council of Postgraduate Medical Education, which was inaugurated at Madras, by India's Health Minister, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, was formed in pursuance of the recommendations of the Upgrading Committee. The report of this Committee, the Health Minister declared, was accepted by the Government of India and its recommendations would be implemented with the least delay. At present the upgrading of many of the existing medical colleges and establishment of post-graduate centres have been proposed as a step towards improvement in the standard of medical education. The problem is however two-fold. Medical education needs to be reorganised in order to place, in the field in adequate strength, specialists who could take up responsible posts in colleges and hospitals. The solution of this part of the problem will be found in the establishment of centres for post-graduate training and specialisation. Again medical education should be made accessible to a larger number of students so as to ensure the supply of the needed personnel for the schemes of medical relief particularly in rural areas. The Health Minister suggested to her audience to find out ways and means to attract young men and women to specialisation, to begin with medical colleges must have vacancies to accommodate all the candidates seeking admission to them. General medical work and specialisation are two different spheres, but a minimum degree course would be common to both, and increased facilities for training in such a course must be provided in order to make medical education available to a much larger number of students out of whom several should be expected to make specialists. While laying emphasis on specialisation, the Government should not lose sight of the necessity of expanding facilities for general medical education according to the country's actual requirements.

The Challenge Of Democracy

Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Indian Parliament, spoke at Calicut on the essentials of Democracy and the tasks that waited the Indian Republic. He observed that unless there was character and a desire to serve the country would lose the democracy for which it has striven. As a matter of fact, we are a democracy in the making rather than a full-fledged democracy and many of our difficulties arise from our failure to admit this candidly. It is a long road that stretches before us and the responsibility for preserving democratic institutions rests more heavily on those who wield power than on the others. It is natural for a people who have had little practice in self-government and who have looked to their national leaders for three decades for guidance, to blossom forth suddenly as self-reliant people. And the tasks of government have grown increasingly complicated and the problems that face us all, more and more intricate. Politics has become an involved business and not a little of its confusion is due to its apparent simplicity. Mr. Mavlankar pointed to the Congress record of achievement and said that it was not a small thing. Here he is right. But on the other side, we have to set the increasing tendency on the part of nearly everyone to ask, "What have I got out of it for myself?" This might be inevitable in view of the large expectations that had been raised during years of political agitation when all blame was put on the foreign government. But it is a temper that the nation must grow out of.

Bengal's Crisis

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's proposed visit portends that the Government of India's patience with Bengal is at an end and drastic action is in the offing. It is well that the Sardar has decided to study the situation at first hand. For a long time, Bengal politics has been vitiated by personal rivalries among Congressmen. It has become imposible for any group to rule for long, being denounced and discredited by its rivals, who combine for that purpose. Economic difficulties and scarcity of essential commodities have embittered the people, who have failed to get relief from the party in power. The influx of refugees from East Pakistan has added to the difficulties. Riding over the crest of discontent, Bengal Communists and others are exploiting the situation. They are using all means at their command to usher in chaos and disorder. Street brawls, processions, hartals, throwing of crackers and acid bulbs, bomb explosions, arson and looting are the order of the day. Detenus are staging hunger-strikes and violent demonstrations inside jails every now and then. The people and the Congress leaders appear to be cowed down, otherwise the hooligan would not have been able to get away with so many things. In such an atmosphere it was wise to postpone the provincial elections. It is dangerous to hold elections when people are being intimidated and terrorised and their verdict is bound to be affected by the heat of controversy. The immediate problem of Bengal is establishing peace and order and to attain that even an emergency will have to be declared and the constitution suspended. Pandit Jawaharlal has already been on the scene and the Sardar will soon acquaint himself with the facts. Whatever be their decision—and it has to be drastic—the whole country will support it.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Mill Bonus And Cost Of Living

The Adjudicator last year declared 4 1/2 months' basic salary to be paid as bonus to employees of textile mills. It is worthwhile noting that this amount was paid to the bulk of the population of Bombay in addition to the substantial dearness allowance paid regularly every month. This undoubtedly not only failed to bring down the cost of living but soared the prices to the highest levels. It is clear that the mill authorities have been able to pay this huge amount as bonus to their employees out of the extensive profits made by them. But a part of the population serving in other organisations including Government servants have been hard-hit by this liberal payment of high sums of money to the bulk of the population. The Government, therefore, should take steps to check the payment of bonus equivalent to more than one month's basic salary and to fix lower prices of the Indian mill made cloths. Thus the whole population will benefit and at the same time help keep the prices of other commodities to the minimum possible.

—J. REUBEN.

Cotton Control

For one thing it is not good for the prestige of the Government that they should announce floors and ceilings for the cotton season and then practically abandon them in mid-season by leaving the Kapas end open, thereby leaving in the lurch cotton trade as well as mills. It is only right that Government undertakings once given should be fully and scrupulously carried out both in letter and in spirit.

Apart from the moral aspect this practical decontrol of cotton ceilings, especially in a year of scarcity, must result in run-away prices, which can only result in increase of cloth prices or eventual closure of mills, partly or wholly.

The obvious course is for Government to freeze all full pressed bales in factories and buy them at their ceiling prices (to be revised if necessary) more or less in similar lines to Government purchases at floors with Ad Hoc survey through their recognised buying agents, and as stocks are acquired redistribute same to mills according to mill situation and requirements. This could possibly be well handled if entrusted to East India Cotton Association Ltd.

Such a scheme if promptly executed in districts which are still to be marketed in the near future viz., Vijay, Surti, Westerns, Comptahs, etc., will ensure—

1. Rapid marketing of Kapas.
2. Equitable distribution between mills.
3. Make the price control really effective.
4. Prevent mixing of short staple because of the Ad Hoc Survey check regulating prices paid to sellers.
5. At the same time leave Kapas marketing free and competitive within the frame work of the ceiling.

Time is pressing and early action needed.

—V. M. SARAIYA.

When To Buy Clothes

Figures are fascinating things, especially those which do not make much sense as soon as one sees them. Recently a newspaper published a photostat of the four equations that form the heart of Prof. Einstein's amazing new theory, which, it is believed, will lead to the solution of some of nature's most baffling mysteries. The figures in the equations looked magnificent—things of sheer beauty; they didn't make any sense at all. So with figures in statistical tables. But once the latter are intelligently interpreted, what vistas of usefulness are at once opened! How helpful to the uninitiated and to the masses! I was casually looking through some impressive tables in the October 1949 issue of the Government of Bombay's Bulletin of the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. From one particular table, I was able to deduce this interesting intelligence, which I am passing on to your readers, expecting it will be useful to them. Well, the best month for Bombaymen to buy their clothes (I gather from the tables) is June. Here are some figures and facts in support of my tip:—The month with the lowest figure (in cost of living index number table) for clothing is June 1936 in the year 1949 (up to October) in 1948, although the first quarter registers lower figures, the lowest figure for the rest of the year in a rising spiral is still for the month of June, 596. The figures from July onwards rise thus, 650, 643, 649, 607 (a welcome drop), 623 and 606. These figures, mind you, have the base of the average from July 1933 to June 1934 as 100, which means that our clothing bills today are about three times as during the "good old days." I shall share further discoveries in the realm of figures later on, but for today, let me advise you, buy your clothes only in June!

—MU THETTA.

Non-Delivery Of "Communist"

It was a nearly two-and-a-half months ago, on October 28, 1949, that we posted through the Gurgaum Post Office, nearly 75 V. P. packets of "Communist" of September-October addressed to our agents. Also there were about 200 copies addressed to our individual subscribers sent from the same post office.

But none of these copies seem to have been delivered to our agents and subscribers and every day complaints are pouring into our office about their non-receipt.

Complaints about the non-receipt of the copies have been received from all over the country—from Calcutta, Delhi, Patna Vijayawada, Ambala, Hoshiarpur, Poona, Ahmedabad, etc. The latest one to be received is from Amritsar, dated January 4, 1950. Same is the fate of copies sent to our subscribers.

Thus, from the above, it is clear that the copies of our magazine Communist No. 5 have not been delivered to the addresses even after more than 2½ months have passed since their posting.

Immediately the complaints started pouring into our office from our agents and subscribers about non-receipt of the copies, have lodged a protest with the postal authorities on November 19 and this was followed by similar protests on November 22 and again on January 6. To all this the only answer we have received is the stereo-type one that "the matter is still under enquiry". The latest one of the replies dated December 31 was a reply to our letter of November 22.

—Manager, "Communist", Bombay

Problem Of Merged States Servants

The Government of Bombay is responding to public criticism by public statements instead of coming to grips with the problems. Hundreds of anomalies have been created in the cadre of merged states consequent to the absorption or discharge of servants of merged states and it is not interpretation but implementation of the solemn assurances of the Government of Bombay, that is demanded by the public.

If the Bombay Government is serious about removing any cause for injustice, I would repeat my request for the appointment of a Special Officer to go into all the anomalies created by the changeover of the administration.

—KAMALSHANKER L. PANDYA.

OPEN AIR

Our garden has developed a large population of tree frogs, those little frogs with rather flat, shiny bodies of pale greenish-grey which sit quietly on a leaf all day long and go abroad through the garden during the night to find insects and return to their resting place the following morning. The other day as we walked round the garden we found one of these little frogs nestling in almost every curled up canna leaf, only its head and bright, black eyes visible as it watched us. It is quite a lovable little creature as long as it confines itself to the garden, but I admit that I find it rather disconcerting when I find one in my flower vase, or sitting on my needlework or on the handle of the cupboard door I am about to open! And that has happened to me almost daily during the past few weeks! The tree frog, like the bloodsucker, the common frog and toad and all the carnivorous insects, is an invaluable friend of the gardener for it consumes a great number of the insects which would otherwise live to do damage to our trees and plants. For this reason the tree frog is always looked upon as a welcome visitor and dire punishment is meted out to anyone who is tempted to use it as a target for catapult or airgun.

TREE FROG.

—D. R.

CREATING CONDITIONS TO DRIVE AWAY HINDUS

East Pakistan Persecution

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11, (UPI).

CONTINUED deterioration in the position of the minority community in East Bengal and a systematic move to create conditions under which they would be unable to live there, are evident from reports reaching here through non-official sources.

Since September last, it is stated owing to a gradual worsening of the situation the volume of exodus of Hindus from East Bengal has considerably grown in number and it is feared the exodus may assume even larger proportions if there is no early improvement in the situation.

The reports suggest various types of pressures which are being brought to bear on the minority community, to squeeze them out, such as large scale requisitioning of Hindu houses, forcible occupation of Hindu houses by Muslims with the connivance of the authorities, forcible gathering of standing crops of Hindu owners by Muslims, complete Islamisation of education in the Province, indiscriminate arrest of Hindu leaders who voice the grievances of Hindus and lastly sustained economic pressure.

In answer to a question in the East Pakistan Assembly the Prime Minister of East Bengal, recently stated that up to June 30, 1949, altogether 5,024 houses had been requisitioned by Government of which 853 were owned by Muslims and the rest by the Hindus, since then at least 1,000 more Hindu houses have been requisitioned and the authorities are busy requisitioning even more. This shows there is a deliberate plan to squeeze out middle class Hindus from East Bengal. In many instances the Hindu occupants with their families have even been asked to clear out of their houses within 24 hours.

NO FAIR RENT

Not merely have the Hindu owners of more than 5,000 houses been thrown out but the E. Bengal Government, according to reports, have also denied them payment of fair rent. It is estimated that on the basis of an average monthly rent of Rs. 50 per house, the total amount payable would come to about Rs. 30 lakhs per annum. Against this, the Government have so far paid only Rs. 75,000. Petitions from owners have yielded no results. In many cases, no assessment of compensation has been made even though two years have passed. Even where compensation has been assessed it is ridiculously low.

There have been a number of cases of forcible dispossession. Whenever an owner happens to be temporarily away from his house, the Muslims occupy the house or a portion of it.

Recently a big house belonging to Prahalad Saha in the city of Dacca was requisitioned for refugees. The order was stayed on the representation of the owner, but it was looted in broad day-lights by about 100 Muslims. The owner lodged a report but the only result was that Prahlad Saha, an old man of 70, owner of more than dozen houses in Dacca, was taken to the police station handcuffed, along with four other members of his family and charged under the East Bengal Special Powers Ordinance for committing a prejudicial act, namely trying to lower the prestige of the Pakistan State by sending false reports to the outside world.

The Education Department of the East Bengal Government have also decided to open 20 adult education centres where Bengali would be taught made compulsory and the students of the minority community are also obliged to attend these classes.

Any Hindu leaders, who voice the grievances of Hindus, are arrested or detained under the East Bengal Security Act, Public Safety Ordinance or the East Bengal Special Powers Ordinance.

Mass arrests of Hindus are made on the slightest pretext.

It has further been reported that the East Bengal Government have no intention of paying due compensation to the holders of rent-receiving interests which are going to be acquired by the State. Nearly 85% of the holders of these interests are Hindus. By an amendment of the revenue law the property is now liable to sale for default of non-payment of case as for revenue.

Economic pressure is also being applied to drive out Hindus from East Bengal. It is reported that the authorities are assessing excessive income-tax and sales tax upon Hindus. Licences are seldom given to Hindus for trade purposes. Even in the matter of ration shops, licence of Hindus are being cancelled and the shops are being handed over to Muslims.

TINPLATE PRICES TO BE REVISED

Tariff Board Asked To Examine Question

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11: The prices of tinplate have progressively risen since 1939 and there are already indications of the possibility of a further rise in the price.

Having regard to the adverse effect which such high prices will have on the prices of tinned food articles, Government consider that the existing arrangements with the Tinplate Company of India Ltd., Calcutta should be revised and for this purpose the Tariff Board is requested to examine the matter in detail and to advise as to the price which should be paid for tinplates supplied by the Company.

Decline In Karachi's Trade

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Jan. 11: A decline of Rs. 33 million was registered in the trade of the port of Karachi during November 1949, chiefly as the result of stoppage of trade with India, according to the figures now made public.

However, an increase to the extent of about 9 million rupees occurred in the export of cotton to other countries except India, compared with the corresponding figure in the same month last year.

JUTE RELEASED

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, January 11.

According to advices received here, seventy-two thousand bales of jute purchased and paid for by India have been released by Pakistan and are on their way to Calcutta.

Barges carrying jute have been sealed to prevent further obstruction or customs examination on the way.

13,500 Million Dollars For U. S. Defence

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman's estimated budget expenditure of 13,500 million dollars for defence in 1950-51 would provide the United States with "a sufficiency of defence for the hour, American Secretary of Defence Louis Johnston said to-day.

He estimated that unification of the armed services and other economies would save nearly 1,500 million dollars a year.

He said the defence budget provided for 1,507,000 man-years of troops and 14,700 operational aircraft for the active forces, excluding a large number of wartime planes held in storage.

MORE WEAPONS

New guns, guided missiles, tanks and other ordnance items would cost 755 million dollars—an increase of more than 20 per cent.

General J. Lawton Collins, Army Chief of Staff, said reduction of the army by 47,000 to 630,000 would have an influence on America's overall combat effectiveness. But the budget included funds for more modern weapons.

"Our army will undeniably be lean, but impressively hard," he said.

CELEBRATING AGA KHAN'S BIRTHDAY

Grand Durbar On Jan. 22

BOMBAY, Wednesday: His Highness the Aga Khan has been advised by his personal physician to take a brief rest. He is likely to visit the Jamatkhana or Hasnabad on Thursday evening.

It is understood that the birthday of His Highness the Aga Khan will be celebrated on a grand scale on January 22 at Nesbit Road, Mazagaon, Bombay. A Durbar will be held at Hasnabad.

COERCIVE METHODS USED

Allegation Against U. P. Government

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11 (PTI): Sir Jagadish Prasad, a former Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council who is a prominent Zamindar of the United Provinces, today alleged that "coercive measures" were being used in the Zamindary Abolition Fund collection.

SAIGON TAKES PRECAUTIONS

Funeral Of Dead Student

SAIGON, Jan. 11 (PTI-Reuter):—Precautions were taken tonight to prevent fresh disturbances at the funeral here tomorrow of a Viet Namese student killed in a clash between students and police on Monday.

All students in Saigon were expected to accompany the body from the mortuary to the French cemetery in Cholon, the nearby Chinese town. All Viet Namese officials and commercial employees have decided to stop work to attend.

Leaflets issued by the "Nambo Executive Committee" (Viet Minh Anamese Nationalist insurgent organisation in Cochin China) today invited the whole population to turn out.

The Viet Namese Prefect of Saigon and Cholon said tonight order would be kept by students themselves who would be transported in jorries. They would ask the police to intervene if necessary.

WORK FOR SOCIAL JUSTICE

I.L.O. Chief's Advice To Indians

MADRAS, Jan. 11 (PTI): Dr. David A. Morse, Director-General of the International Labour Organisation, today expressed the hope that the Government employers and workers in India, through a process of understanding, compromise and goodwill would advance the cause of the country towards social justice and world peace.

Dr. Morse was speaking at a reception held in his honour by the Provincial Revenue and Labour Minister, Mr. H. Sitarama Reddy.

India, Dr. Morse said, as loyal member of the ILO during the last 30 years, had contributed greatly in furthering international relations and goodwill.

"The best foreign policy of any country", he said, "is its public health, social and economic well-being as also its stability". If a country possessed these, it would have the strength in international organisations and international relations and could enhance the possibility of world peace.

The ILO, he said, had decided on a policy of intensifying its activities in Asia, and the forthcoming conference at Colombo would consider questions of social, economic and labour questions in this area.

ENQUIRY INTO REWA POLICE FIRING

Socialist Party Plans

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11 (PTI): The Socialist Party has appointed a fact finding committee consisting of Mr. Hariharnath Misra, Mr. Raghuraj Singh, and Mr. Kailash Anath Misra to enquire into the Rewa firing and attendant incidents, said Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, the Socialist leader in a statement today.

The Commntee will suzmit its report on the events at Rewa by the end of January.

PERSIAN CABINET RESIGNS

TEHERAN, Jan. 11. (PTI-Reuter): The Persian Government resigned today. The Premier, Mohammed Saed, in a letter to the Shah stated that the country's present situation demanded a change of Government.

Political circles here expected that last Cabinet, would lead the new Government.

Mohammed Saed took office in November, 1948. His predecessor, Abdul Husein Hazhir, had resigned with his Government after five months in office, declaring that the Majlis (Parliament) had paralysed Government work. Mohammed Saed reshuffled his Cabinet in December, 1948, and again in March of last year.

KASHMIR ISSUE PUSHED INTO THE BACKGROUND

Security Council Has Hands Full With China

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 10: India began her membership of the Security Council today to find the membership and accreditation rules of the world's peace-making body in confusion, cables D. P. Wagle, P.T.I. Correspondent.

The council should have discussed today the reduction of armaments and armed forces and it had not been expected that M. Malik, the Soviet Delegate would immediately challenge Nationalist China's membership and walk out.

Many had expected that as five Security Council members have recognised Communist China and two more are expected to do so, the Soviet would bide its time, and challenge Yugoslavia's membership instead.

The question of Yugoslavia is hanging fire, as the Soviet has described her election as "illegal".

AUTHORITATIVE BODY

India, who abstained on the vote over the Chair's ruling today, made a constructive suggestion— not so much as a solution but as a step to remove a hiatus in the Security Council's procedural rules on accreditation.

Sir Benegal Narsing Rau was probably deliberately vague when he suggested the United Nations—and the Security Council—should have "an authoritative body or forum" to which problems of accreditation could be referred without leaving them to be decided by the body in which the question was raised and thus holding up its work.

If an international tribunal was set up consisting for example of three judges of the International Court or other jurists, United Nations' bodies would be absolved from the invidious responsibility of "recognising" a member so far as its own jurisdiction was concerned while more general recognition was still perhaps in doubt.

Sir Benegal Narasing Rau said after the meeting today that he would not canvas for his suggestion but would leave it to the other members to consider it.

Another suggestion made at today's meeting was by the Delegate of Ecuador, a new member like India, who quoted Rule 20 of the Security Council's rules of procedure stipulating that when the Counci. President deems he should not preside the chair shall devolve on the representative of the member next in English alphabetical order.

KASHMIR QUESTION SHELVED

The next member would be the representative of Cuba.

As in the case of Mr. Benegal Rau's suggestion, this proposal was not commented upon.

Dr. Tsiang also did not refer the matter when he was asked by pressmen when he came out of the Council Hall.

He said M. Jacob Malik's resolution for his expulsion would be circulated to members—but not the telegram of Mr. Chou En-Lai, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Peking Government —on which Mr. Jacob Malik based his resolution.

In reply to a question whether he thought the presence in Moscow of M. Mao Tse-tung could have had any bearing on the development in the Security Council, Dr. Tsiang said, "Of course. By. Mr. Mao's presence there the bonds between the two countries have been strengthened and two distinct parties have, as it were, become one".

Meanwhile, the Kashmir question for which Sheikh Abdullah and other representatives of Kashmir are here, is expected to remain there until the structural problems of the Security Council itself have been decided.

Sir Benegal was today uncertain whether he would be able to leave for India in time to attend the inauguration of the Indian Republic.

DISCORDANT NOTE IN COMMONWEALTH TALKS

(Continued from Page 1)

power in Indonesia and Indo-China.

He saw Ex-emperor Bao Dai's prospects of restoring a peaceful and independent administration in Indo-China as much improved.

Mr. Macdonald described the latest results in the war against Malayan terrorists. He said there were about 4,000 terrorists and their replacements were often Chinese immigrants.

AID TO S-E ASIA

Broad agreement was again evident among Commonwealth members today that the Commonwealth must make its contribution to financial and economic recovery of South East Asia if it is intelligently to prevent the spread of Communism.

This is expected to lead to a more detailed discussion tomorrow on how such contribution can be made.

The Australian Delegation, it was learnt, circulated a memorandum on ways and means of tackling Commonwealth aid to South-East Asia, which will be discussed tomorrow.

It is anticipated that Commonwealth financial aid to Burma will also be among tomorrow's topics.

The Ceylon delegation, like Australia's was described as showing keen interest in projects for economic aid to South-East Asia.

A DESTRUCTION

In today's talks, delegates noticed that Pandit Nehru when discussing the Communist danger in Asia, always referred to "Russian influence" drawing a distinction between Communism as such, and the influence of Moscow's foreign policy.

Observers believed this distinction significant for understanding his whole approach to the Chinese problem.

If the Ministers keep up their present note of progress with the agenda, there is considered to be no reason why they should not finish their work on Saturday, January 14, as originally planned.

India's Prime Minister Pandit Nehru is known to be returning to India on Sunday, January 15.

When discussion on South-east Asia is concluded, only Europe remains on the political agenda.

The delegates were tonight entertained to dinner by Ceylon Governor-General Lord Soulbury.

SRINAGAR, Jan. 11. (PTI): Timber, the largest single product of Kashmir in 1949, fetched over Rs. 30,00,000 to the State exchequer.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Jan. 11

The Governor of Bombay received Sq. Leader S. V. Bonifacius.

His Excellency witnessed the screening of two documentary films "The Tree of Life" and "The First Year" arranged by the agents of Lever Brothers (India) Ltd. at the private theatre of the Eros Cinema. He was received by Mr. A. J. C. Hoskyns-Abrahall and Mr. D. H. McGill.

Rani Maharaj Singh received Dr. and Mrs. Schinzel, Mrs. D. R. D. Wadia and Mr. Parrot Mulla.

The Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh visited the site of the H.M.I. Dockyard Workers Housing Scheme at Pawai, where they were received by Commodore H. R. Inigo-Jones and Captain and Mrs. B. F. Pinev. His Excellency performed the ceremony of the laying of the foundation stone.

MR. GOPALASWAMI AYYANGAR

BANGALORE, Jan. 11 (PTI): Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, India's Minister for Transport, arrived here this morning by train from Madras.

Soon after his arrival, the Minister paid a visit to the Hindustan Aircraft Factory where he inspected the various departments.

During his two-day stay in Bangalore Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar is expected to hold discussions with the Mysore State Railway authorities on problems connected with the integration of the State Railway which is to take effect from April 1, 1950.

Representatives of the railway workers will meet the Transport Minister tomorrow and present him with an address.

MR. V. S. KARNIK

(From Our Correspondent)

DAHANU, Jan. 11: The Government of Bombay has appointed Principal V. S. Karnik of the local high school to be the Secretary of the Maharashtra Social Education Committee, Poona. He took an active part in all social activities, particularly those connected with the education and welfare of Adivasis.

He has been the Principal of the school for the last sixteen years and was a member of the Thana District School Board. He was also the President of the Thana District Secondary Teachers Association for six years.

LABOUR 'BIG BOSS' DEAD

BRISBANE, Jan. 11 (PTI-Reuter):—Mr. Clarence George Pallow, "Big Boss" of the Queensland Labour movement and probably the strongest anti-Communist in Australia, died today.

TROOP SHIPMENT TO INDO-CHINA

Strikes In France

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Jan. 11: Strikes in Marseilles and Nice by sailors and railway workers protesting against the shipment of troops to Indo-China held up for several hours the departure of the troops. Transport and passenger trains were delayed and goods meant for shipment were halted.

The strikes also led to minor clashes between the police and the strikers. It is believed that the strikers resented the recent offensive launched against leaders of Dr. H. Chi-minh's party in Indo-China. The French Assembly will soon vote on the Bao Dai Pact and this is another reason for the intensification of the demand

SOVIET DELEGATE WALKS OUT OF SECURITY COUNCIL

Protests Against Presence Of K. M. T. Representative

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 10, (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Soviet delegate, Jacob Malik, walked out of the Security Council meeting here today, in protest against the presence of the Chinese Nationalist delegate Dr. T. F. Tsiang who was sitting as Chairman of the Council.

Shortly before Mr. Malik had threatened to boycott the Council until Dr. Tsiang was expelled.

SOVIET WALK-OUT

The walk-out came after Dr. Tsiang as President had ruled that a Soviet resolution demanding his expulsion should be circulated and taken up at vote. The Council, by eight votes to two with one abstention, upheld Dr. Tsiang's ruling.

Mr. Malik, even before the English translation of his statement had been completed, walked out of the chamber.

Mr. Jacob Malik, the Russian delegate, submitted a resolution to the Council which said that if measures were not taken to remove "the representative of the Kuomintang group, the Soviet Union delegate will not participate in the Security Council until he is removed from membership."

Yugoslavia, whose election to the Council at the recent General Assembly session was branded by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky as "illegal", was today represented at the meeting for the first time, together with India and Ecuador.

Dr. Tsiang had no sooner opened the meeting than the Soviet delegate rose to submit his resolution.

SOVIET RESOLUTION

Mr. Maliks resolution said: "The Security Council, having considered the statement of the Central Peoples Government of the Chinese Peoples Republic of January 8 that it considers illegal the maintenance in the Security Council of the representative of the Kuomintang group and insists upon his expulsion, decides not to recognise the credentials of and to exclude from the Security Council the representative mentioned in the above statement of the Central Peoples Government of the Chinese People Republic."

This is the second time that the Soviet representative has staged a walk-out. The last time was in 1946 when the then Soviet delegate, Mr. Andrei Gromyko, walked out over the Persian dispute.

Dr. Tsiang sat unperturbed during M. Maliks denunciation of his presence in the Council and betrayed little emotion when the Soviet delegate finally left, accompanied by the alternate delegates.

Those who voted to uphold Dr. Tsiangs ruling that a vote on the expulsion demand be deferred were: United States, Britain, Norway, Egypt, Ecuador, Cuba, France and China.

Voting against the ruling and for an immediate vote were the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia. India abstained.

Immediately Dr. Tsiang had given his ruling M. Malik intervened saying: "I object to any ruling emanating from a person who represents nobody. From the motives outlined in my previous statement, I insist that my proposal be voted one."

Pakistan Hindu

KARACHI, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Questioned by Professor Raj Kumar Chakravarty about the "Nichalchand Pohamal Hindu Dharamsala," and the temple near Mithdhar Chawk in Karachi, Dr. I. M. Qureshi denied in the Pakistan Parliament today that the temple and dharamsala had ever been looted. The refugees, he said, had only temporarily taken shelter in the Dharamsala during the rains, but were eventually evicted and the Dharamsala was restored to the Hindus.

Prof. Chakravarty in a supplementary asked whether Government was aware that the temple was still occupied by "unauthorised persons" and whether it was not advisable to set up an enquiry committee to investigate into the matter.

Dr. Qureshi replied that he was "absolutely certain" that "there are no unauthorised persons in occupation of the temple and the question of an enquiry committee, therefore, does not arise".

WORKERS HAVE RIGHT TO STRIKE

British Trade Unionist Praises Indian Labour

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 11 (PTI): Mr. Alfred Roberts, the British Trade Unionist, said here today "we recognise the inviolable right of workers to strike and will not sacrifice it".

Commenting on the conditions of work in Indian mills, Mr. Roberts said: "They are not as good as in an average British mill where the minimum standard of hygienic arrangements is provided by law".

Regarding the Textile Labour Association of Ahmedabad, he said, "It is carrying on welfare work such as conducting schools and libraries which is part of the duty of the State or local authorities. This is unheard of in the usual trade union movement".

Masani As Chairman Of Minorities Body

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 11 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. M. R. Masani was yesterday elected Chairman of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities.

Mr. Masani's name for the chairmanship of the 12-member body of experts was proposed by the U.S.S.R. delegate, M. V. I. Formashev. He replaced M. Borossey who represented Russia on the Sub-Commission at the last session.

Institute Of Nuclear Physics Opended

CALCUTTA, Jan. 11 (PTI): The importance of nuclear physics in fundamental research was today stressed by Madame Irene Joliot-Curie, Noble Laureate, when she opened the Institute of Nuclear Physic at the University Colloege of Science, Calcutta.

The foundation stone of this institute, first of its kind in India, was laid by Dr. Shyamaprasad Mookherjee Minister for Industry and Supplies in 1948.

REUTERS DIRECTOR BOARD MEETS

LONDON, Jan. 11, (PTI-Reuter): The half yearly meeting of the Board of Directors of Reuters was held this afternoon under the chairmanship of Mr. Devadas Gandhi, Editor, Hindustan "Times", New Delhi.

Mr. J. Vyas Resigns P. C. C. Presidentship

AJMER, Jan. 11, (UPI): The Working Committee of the Rajputana Provincial Congress Committee met at Ajmer yesterday under the presidentship of Shri Jainarain Vyas to consider situation out of prosecution launched by the Rajasthan Government against Shri Jai Narain Vyas, who was also president of the Rajputana P.C.C. Shri Jainarain Vyas expressed his inability to carry on his duties as President till such time as the cases against him were finally decided. It was therefore decided that Mr. Adityandra of Bharatpur should act as President of the Rajputana P.C.C.

LEADER

Mr. H. Sitarama Reddi, Revenue and Labour Minister Madras, will lead the Indian delegation to the Asian Regional Conference of the I.L.O. meeting from January 16 at Nuwara Eliria Ceylon.

TWO KILLED IN ELECTION FIGHT

CAIRO, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Two people were killed in a gun fight between supporters of the Wafdist and Liberal parties today when Egypt went to the polls for a second ballot, in 77 constituencies in which results were inconclusive in last week's General Election.

The fight occured in Mankabat, Upper Egypt.

Results at midnight showed Wafd 174, Saadists 24, Liberals 24, Nationalists 4, Socialists one and Independents 32.

DISTRIBUTION OF CLOTH

Agents To Be Scrapped

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 11 (UPI).—The Bombay Government has decided to take over the work of distribution of cloth given over in Bombay to the Podar Trading Company and in Ahmedabad to the Ahmedabad District Purchase and Sales Co-operative Union, it is learnt.

Two months' notice has already been given to these firms as required under the agreement. These two firms have been distributing cloth and given one and a quarter per cent as commission. The Government has also given loans to these firms, over and above which they receive one rupee and eight annas as damages on each bale lying with them for more than 45 days.

The Government has already given a large amount to them on this account. The Government is also responsible for the stocks held by these firms.

The fact that two months' notice has already been served indicates that after two months the Government will take over the work of cloth distribution, if cloth control continues to operate them.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

Previous Closing	30.98
Today's Opening	30.99
Difference	+.01
Today's Closing	30.94
Difference	—.04

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

Silver Forward	Rs.	177 0
Gold Forward	Rs.	114 5
Silver Bullion	Rs.	176 8
Silver Mint	Rs.	177 0
Gold Ready	Rs.	114 9
Sovereign	Rs.	75 8

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining 30 5/8.
General Motors unquoted.
United States Steel common 37 1/4.
United States Steel preference unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, January 11. (PTI-Reuter): Now that the general election date is known a further period of uncertainty in the London Stock Exchange appears certain. Trading today was small and most markets were colourless with British Government Stocks barely steady around previous closing levels.

A bright feature in an otherwise dull oil market was produced by the gain of one Shilling in Ultramar oil at seven and three. Small buying and cessation of the recent selling was responsible for the advance.

Leading industrials were steady for most part of the day, but some heaviness was seen at close. Movements, however, were small and prices never really tested.

Hopes of an early peace treaty with Japan and possibility of resumption of debt service brought in buyer of bonds. Gains were not always fully held but were up to two points.

Bolivar and La Guaira railway debentures were strong on the proposed sale of the undertakings.

South African Minings were erratic. Cape orders were mostly sales, producers and developers were widely a few pence lower.

Free Crop Protection Service

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 11: It is learnt officially that the Government of Bombay has put into force crop protection service for 17 districts in order to protect standing crops from insects and other diseases.

The headquarters of this service will remain at Nadiad in the Kaira District and agriculturists will get the benefit of the crop protection scheme free of charge through the District Officers of the Agriculture Department. Batches of this service will go to the farms and destroy insects by chemicals and other means.

RECEPTION TO RAJEN BABU

Visit To Village Home

PATNA, Jan. 11 (PTI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Constituent Assembly, arrived here from Delhi by air this afternoon 'en route' to his village home in Ziradai, Saran district.

Dr. Prasad after an hour's halt here, left by air with the Maharajadhiraja of Darbhanga.

The Governor of Bihar, Mr. M. S. Aney, Cabinet Ministers, high officials, non-officials and a large number of prominent Congressmen saw him off at the airport.

R

For supplying wet Charcoal, the Importer's Licence of M/s. HONESTY CHARCOAL SUPPLY COMPANY, for Ghatkopar Depot, the Wholesaler's Licence of Mr. GUNAJI YESUJI for Dadar Goods Yard, and the Retailer's Licence granted to Mr. BHAGWATIPRASAD MAHADEOSINGH at Ferguson Road, Municipal Chawl No. 6, Parel, have been suspended.

Stop Press

NEHRU MEETS BEVIN

COLOMBO, Jan. 11 (PTI-Reuter): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had a 90-minute private talk with Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary.

COMMITTED TO PRISON

LONDON, Jan. 11 (PTI-Reuter): Albert Benjamin Hoare whose extradition is sought by the High Commissioner for India in London on charge of accepting bribes was today committed to prison pending his return to India.

Peter Prince Maintains Run Of Successes

Ralph Jansz of the Ceylon Police who scored a rather tame victory over Bombay's Ron Wilmer in the International bout between Bombay and Ceylon.

CEYLON'S JANSZ IN TAME FIGHT AGAINST WILMER

Young Khatau's Grand Fight In Rangers Club Boxing

(By Our Boxing Correspondent)

BOMBAY Wednesday.

PETER Prince of Bombay continued his run of success by beating Bengal's R. Cranston in a three-round bout in the Eleventh Rangers Club Invition Boxing Tournament. By far the best fight of the evening, full of action and and well matched, every second was thrilling and for once Prince gave a very clean display of pugilism. Ralph Jansz! of Ceylon won tamely against Ron Wilmer of Rangers and Bombay.

Deputy Commissioner of Police, Mr. J. D. Nagarwalla presided and distributed the trophies including the Dr. C. Bischoff Cup to Peter Prince.

Peter Prince had to put up his best against Cranston of Bengal for here was Peters "Waterloo". This fight which went its full distance saw a ding dong struggle in which Cranston certainly gained the first round by catching Peter unawares though of course he went down to the carpet Cranston was pushed by Prince.

The second round saw Prince on top and Cranston was again on the carpet for a count of nine. Prince kept up pressure and his unorthodox left-hand was unnerving Cranston. Cranston did not only take—he also deshed out. Prince fell for a count of three, but he missed his footing.

The third round Prince was definitely shaping well and he was all out for a win. He had Cranston defending and also running around and when he did get him in the corners he whipped up some lashing ones that scored to give him a narrow verdict.

Carr of Nagpada and Tatas opened the evening's proceedings with a very keenly fought encounter and Carr though ycunger failed only narrowly. He had his opponent well in hand in the first round, but Rego lashed out in the next two to win on points.

P. Barko of Dadar was all at sea in the third round again Aaron of Maccabi being completely winded up. He was unable to dish out anything, but stood up to the end though bleeding from the mouth.

B. D'Sa the human hairpin as he is popularly known was not quite at ease against Reuben for he found his equal and took quite a beating while having to find the openings to punish his opponent. D'Sa had a really hard fight but won eventually on points narrowly.

Quite one among the best fights of the evening was provided by young Khatau who only recently passed his juniors grade. He had his opponent and that too his seasoned rival, the policeman Kelkar all messed up and bleeding from the nose. He had him down on the carpet too in the second round, but that was for a count of three. Khatau shows promise of being a boxer of some calibre, the wallop he packs in his long reaching punches. That's what caught the wild hitting policeman Khatau was undisputably the winner and he deserved it.

Michael Carvalho had little difficulty in disposing of Lobo of N. N. House. He had Lobo twice being counted, but gamely he recovered and lasted all three rounds.

Kothare with his experience gave Kapper no chance to find any opening and has improved considerably since he lost to Thomas in the W. I. Championships. He won of course in a well fought encounter which was pretty even.

Salins caused a surprise. He was sent down in the first round thrice for counts of 7, 8 and 9 but he soon let loose a volley of lefts and rights that had Knowylane guessing. The second and third rounds were definitely in Salins favour when he scored with some fine rights to an opponents face that was defenceless.

Havildar Janardan—"the punching policeman" who returned to the ring after a lapse of two and half years' gained a T.K.O. decision against Lopez of the Goan Sports. Janardan swing away both to the head and mid-section and in two minutes the fight ended with the referee having to stop the fight in the initial round.

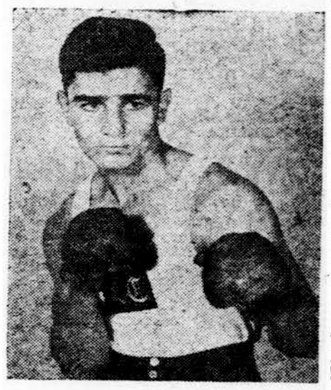
Ever since his W. I. Championship match Roquizinho has showed improvement that is shades better for any boxer to do in the space of a month. This evening Pat Talbot of Rangers and formerly of Burma was outclassed by Roquizinho's speed and weight.

A. Thomas emulated his B.E.S.T. campatriot Roquizinho by beating S. Mazumdar of Bengal in a very clean fight and a very close one at that too. Thomas put up a splendid defence in the second round after claiming the first. He made sure of himesseft in the third by scoring when he aimed at his opponent.

Furtado showed a furious return to the ring this evening and lashed out murderously at Noel Ballard who appeared by weight to be poorly matched. Ballard was sent to the carpet at the end of the second round but the bell saved him. Then Furtado had him on the carpet twice for counts of nine in the last round but Ballard got up at figh a tgrim battle and lost gamely.

Bombay gained another success in a provincial fight when, Havelock Norris beat Bose of Bengal in a very well matched fight in which both boxers gave off their very best. Norris succeeded with his longer reach.

The Ceylon Police boxer—Jansz failed to impress and with Ron Wilmer doing the attacking a very tame fight was produced. Boxing fans were disappointed in this well built boxer who came all the way to the "urbs prima in Indis"—Bombay but produced little action. He won by scoring punches when Wilmer attacked. He was quite fresh at the end of the round.



W. Parkinson of Christ Church Boys School Jubbulpore who gave a scientific display of pujilism against Sharma of the R.I.N. and won convincingly.

The following were the results:—

G. Rego (134 lbs) Tatas beat C. Carr (135 lbs) N.N.H. on points.

M. Aaron (129 lbs) Maccabi beat P. Barko (128 lbs) Dadar B.C. on points.

B. D'Sa (114 lbs) Petits beat E. Reuben (114 lbs) M.M.V. Poona on points.

P. Khatau (107 lbs) Petits beat Havildar Kelkar (109 lbs) Rangers and Police on points.

Michael Carvalho (133 lbs) Dockyard beat B. E. Lobo (134 lbs) N.N.H. on points.

E. Kothare (116 lbs) Rangers beat L/Stke. E. Kapper (116 lbs) on points.

J. Salins (114 lbs) Petits beat Stkr/Mech Knowylane (115 lbs) R.I.N. on points.

Havildar Janardan (134 lbs) Police and Rangers beat D. Lopez (135 lbs) Goans on a T.K.O. in the first round. The referee stopping the fight.

W. Parkinson (135 lbs) Christ Church, Jubbulpore beat L/E.M. B. Sharma (132 lbs) R.I.N. on points.

F. Roquizinho (126 lbs) B.E.S.T. beat Pat Talbot (122 lbs) Burma and Rangers on points.

A. Thomas (113 lbs) B.E.S.T. beat S. Mazumdar (111 lbs) Ballygunj, Bengal on points.

F. Furtado (136 lbs) Tatas beat N. Ballard (129 lbs) Rangers on points.

H. Norris (126 lbs) Rangers beat B. Bose (125 lbs) Golden Gloves, Bengal on points.

Ralph Jansz (154 lbs) Ceylon beat Ron Wilmer (Rangers) on points.

Peter Prince (Rangers) beat R. Cranston (Bengal) on points.

PRESSMEN HELD TO A DRAW

Provincial Hockey Championship

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Greater Bombay Police a senior division side of the Parel Hockey League played Times of India a senior division B. P. H. A. League side and held them to a goalless draw, despite extra time being played in the Provincial Hockey Championship played at the Cooperage this evening.

Both sides had quite a share of the exchanges and besides they had the scoring chances but the Times had to reckon with a stout defence. Nagarwalla held the fort admirably. Mendonca who has obtained a transfer from city played a splendid game in goal saving some clever shots. For the Times there was Roberts and Vernaven who played a grand game kept the Police forwards away.

Misquitta was particularly dangerpus on the right wing for the Police and sent across some fine passes which were wasted.

Earlier in the evening in the replayed preliminary round match, in the Provincial Championship Young Comrades beat Goan Sports "B" by a solitary goal scored by Carvalho when he took a shot from the top of the semi-circle and the ball deflected into goal from a defendrs stick.

INTER COLLEGIATE HOCKEY

Ruia Score Only Thrice

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

In the Inter-College Hockey Leage played at the Cooperage Ruia College beat Wilson College by three clear goals.

Ruia who were having things their own way failed to make the most of the scoring opportunity that came their way and the three goals does not flatter the Ruiaites.

R.I.N. SECURE FIRST INNINGS LEAD

Fine All-round Display By Lt. Com. Sanjana

POONA, Jan. 11 (PTI).

A fine all-round performance by Lieut-Commander K. K. Sanjana, a former Pentangular player, at the Poona Club grounds in the semi-final of the All-India Inter-Services Cricket Championship, played a big part in th Royal Indian Navy securing a first innings lead of four runs over the Royal Indian Air Force.

Sanjana claimed four Airforce wickets at the cost of 81 runs and then went on to hit up a brilliant unbeaten 73 inclusive of eight fours and a six, in a total of 132 runs in their second innings.

The Royal Indian Air Force who had scored 109 for the loss of five wickets were all out today for 175 runs, Group-Captain Ranjan Dutt played a gallant undefeated innings of 54.

With a lead of four runs, the Royal Indian Navy went in for their second knock but were all out for 132 runs, Lieut-Commander Sanjana, captain of the side, remaining unbeaten with a brilliant 73 runs.

Requiring 137 runs for victory, the Royal Air Force in their second innings had scored 27 for no loss. The match will be continued tomorrow.

Principal scores:

Royal Indian Navy 179 and 132 (Lieut-Commander Sanjana not out 73, Flying Officer Malani three for 51, Cpl. Inamdar two for 31).

ROYAL INDIAN AIR FORCE: 175 (Group Captain Ranjan Dutt not out 54, Lieut.-Commander Sanjana four for 81), and 27 for not loss.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Cooperage

2-30 p.m. Sydenham vs. E. C. & R. I. S. (Inter-College).

3-50 p.m. Panchgani. Parsis vs. Juvenile.

4-55 p.m. B. P. T. "A" Vs. Mazagaon Docks (Provincial).

TENNIS

Grant Medical College Courts:

2-30 p.m. Men's Singles Quarter-finals.

4-15 p.m. First Round of Women's Singles (Inter-College Tennis).

BILLIARDS

Byculla Y. M. C. A.:

6-6 p.m. K. K. Nasta (—250) vs. G. E. Dazely (—325).

8-15 p.m. A. R. Sequeira (—275 vs. G. L. Khandalia (—325).

AUSSIES WIN BY AN INNINGS

Draper Bats Well For Eastern Province

PORT ELIZABETH, Jan. 10. (PTI-Reuter): Australian Cricketers beat Eastern Province before tea here today by an innings and 39 runs dismissing the home side in their second innings for 242.

With first innings arrears of 281 Eastern Province had scored for the loss of one wicket overnight but at the lunch interval today were still 122 runs behind with seven wickets in hand.

When Draper and Waite continued defiantly this morning it appeared that the innings defeat might be averted and they took their second wicket stand to 150 before Waite gave a catch to Langley off Walker.

Bowlers had to strive hard to get any life into their deliveries but Ian Johnson flighted the ball well and was always difficult to hit.

At lunch with the score 159 for three Draper had been batting for three hours forty minutes for his 81 having given two chances.

After the interval the remaining wickets fell for the addition of 83 runs. Hassett claimed the new ball at 161 and two swift blows were struck with the dismissal at the same total of 164 of Birrell and the patient Draper.

The tail end batting was enlivened by a hectic 18 from Mann who included one tremendous six off Ian Johnson in his score but the last wicket fell 25 minutes before tea and the Australians had gained another victory.

AUSTRALIANS (First Innings) 418

EASTERN PROVINCE (First Innings) 137

Eastern Province (Second Innings).

Draper c Ian Johnson b Walker 86, K. Dimbleby c Langley b Noblet 42, Waite c Langley b Walker 23, D. Dimbleby c Hassett b Noblet 3(Birrell c Miller b Lindwall 1, Curnick b Noblet 9, Dotoit c Haingley b Bill Johnston 3 Connell c Hassett b Ian Johnson 23, Young not out 18, Mann c Noblet b Ian Johnson 18, Liddle b Noblet 2, Extras 14 (byes 9 leg byes 4 noballs 1), Total 242

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 91, 2 for 150, 3 for 155, 4 for 164, 5 for 164, 6 for 169, 7 for 203, 8 for 209, 9 for 230.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Lindwall 10/26/27/1, Bill Johnston 17/2/45/1, Ian Johnson 17/1/82/2, Walker 13/4/38/2, Noblet 13.7/2/31/4, Harvey 2/0/4/0, Hassett 2/1/1/0.

S. Punjab Fight Back Gallantly

LATOO & BHIDE HELP PUT UP 348 FOR 5

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11 (PTI).

The Southern Punjab Cricket Association fought back gallantly replying to Delhi Cricket Association's huge first innings total of 544 and hit up 348 runs for the loss of five wickets by the end of the third day's play in the Ranji Trophy cricket match here today.

The sixth-wicket unbroken partnership between their skipper Bhide and Latoo which put on 116 runs in 130 minutes was the highlight of today's play. Bhide has so far made 72 and Latoo 70.

Both excelled in cover drives and leg glances. The home side skipper, Har Gopal, tried nine bowlers to break the partnership but without avail.

The Punjab batsmen batted so grimly that only four wickets fell during the course of the day. The Raja of Nalagarh and Prithviraj resuming Southern Punjab's first innings this morning, added 55 runs in fifty minutes to the overnight total of 103 before they were separated.

G. C. Jain accepted a hot return from the Raja of Nalagarh to dismiss him for 75. Prithviraj was bowled a little later by Har Gopal for 83. Both gave a sparkling display and their partnership realised 128 runs.

Latoo and Rai Singh sent up the second hundred of the innings but soon after the new ball was taken Rai Singh was out leg before to Hira Lal. At lunch the score stood at 204 for four wickets.

Fifty minutes after resumption when the total was 294 Har Gopal bowled Ram Prakash for eight but this was the last wicket to fall today. Latoo and Bhide then considerably improved the position.

DELHI (1st Innings) 544

SOUTHERN PUNJAB (1st Inings): Raja of Nalagarh c and b G. C. Jain 11, Daljinder Singh b Hiralal 10, Prithviraj b Har Gopal 83, Rai Singh lbw Hiralal 24, Latoo batting 70, Ram Prakash b Har Gopal 8, Bhide batting 72, Extras 10, TOTAL (for five wickets) 348.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/28; 2/156; 3/173; 4/204; 5/233.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Gian Kapoor 17/8/27/0, Hiralal 38/11/60/2, Har Gopal 49/10/120/2, Lakshmi 36/8/74/0, Kishen Chand 4/0/12/0, Darshan 9/6/9/0, Omi Malhotra 2/0/14/0, G. C. Jain 9/0/18/1 and Om Kishore 1/0/4/0.

Western India Lawn Tennis

8 FOREIGN STARS TO TAKE PART

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Eight foreign players will compete in the Western India Lawn Tennis Championships, which are scheduled to commence here on January 23.

They are: G. D. Oakley (Britain), V. Cernik (Czechoslovakia), Spychala (Poland), Miss Kay Tuckey (Britain), Miss Jean Quertier (Britain), Mrs. Betty Hilton (Britain) and Miss Gem Hoahing (Britain) and Iftikhar Ahmed (Pakistan).

In addition to the foreign stars K. B. Madan and Naresh Kumar will contest the various titles.

Simultaneously a major tournament will be held in Trivandrum on January 23 in which the American players Mrs. Patricia Canning Todd and Miss Gussie Moran will take part.

Britain's number two Geoffrey Paish is unable to prolong his stay in this country due to urgent business commitments and the Filipino stars, Felicissimo Ampon and Carmona will also be returning home.

Inter-College Tennis

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The remaining first round matches of the Men's Singles event in the Inter-College Tennis Tournament were decided this evening, and later the second round of the same event was played off.

Foreign Stars Lend Colour To Northern India Tennis

REMY GETS BETTER OF BRANOVIC IN GAME OF HIGH STANDARD

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

With the participation of foreign tennis stars and some of India's leading players, the game in the Northern India Lawn Tennis Championships brightened up considerably today.

Before the start of the matches, 29 of which were played today. A colourful ceremony took place before the sun-bathed green and russet courts at which the foreign players and India's ranked stars were presented to General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army.

The General told the audience in a brief speech that unless Indian players made a great effort, they would not be able to check the "foreign invasion" in the tournament. One thing India's players should learn from foreign players was to strive to win every point and make an effort to fight to the last.

The match that provided the greatest treat to the fans present was the opening singles event between the Frenchman, P. Remy, and the Yugoslav, M. Branovic, which produced high class tennis. Though Remy won in straight sets, the first set was a marathon one. Branovic contested every point keenly for over an hour before he went down. Both drove with equal facility on both flanks but Remy had a more forceful service, put more punch into his strokes and finished better at the net.

In the first set Branovic led 4-3 5-4 6-5 and again 10-9 but the Frenchman took three games in a row to clinch the set.

In the second set Branovic, who was down 2-4 levelled up at four games but Remy, serving aces and volleying powerfully, finished the set at 6-4 and the match.

Narendra Nath, India's No. 3, and R. Deyro of Philippines defeated the Czech pair, V. Cernik (Czechoslovakia) and C. Spychala (Poland) after a hard fought match which produced thrilling rallies. The outstanding player in the match was Deyro, who made superb smashes at the net and showed wonderful retrieving powers. Narendra Nath served aces and often beat his opponents with passing shots as they advanced to the net. Spychala volleyed well but made errors from the baseline while Cernik showed signs of cracking up in the second set.

In the ladies single, Miss Gem Hoahing, (Britain) overwhelmed India's No. 2, Miss Pramilla Khanna. Miss Hoahing was superior in every department of the game and was very quick on her feet.

The last match of the day, the doubles between Belgians Washer and Peten and Rama Rao partnered by Balwant Singh, one of India's best doubles pairs, was unfinished owing to failing light. Balwant Singh, as usual, served powerfully and was backed up by Rama Rao's net play. After losing the first set, the Indian pair levelled up terms at nine all when the match was adjourned.

Following are today's results:

MEN'S SINGLES: P. Remy (France) beat M. Branovic (Yugoslavia) 12-10 6-4; D. Mitic (Yugoslavia) beat K. K. Jalani (India) 6-2 6-0; J. Peten (Belgium) beat Rama Rao (India) 6-1 6-1; Jack Vantendyke (Belgium) beat V. P. Sayal (India) 6-2 6-3; G. D. Oakley (Britain) beat Harish Khanna (India) 6-3 6-3; V Cernik (Czechoslovakia) beat Pritam Mehta (India) 6-0 6-2; R. Abdesselam (France) beat Prem Kumar (India) 6-0 6-3; P. Ampon (Philippines) beat Sayeed Haye (India) 6-1 6-1; C. Spychala (Czechoslovakia) beat Balwant Singh (India) 6-5 3-6; G. L. Paish (Britain) beat Lieut. Poornam (India) 6-2 6-0; P. Washer (Belgium) beat Prof. Bhatnagar (India) 6-0 6-4; C. Carmona (Philippines) beat O. P. Gupta (India) 6-4 6-1.

MEN'S DOUBLES: Narendra Nath (India) and Deyro (Philippines) beat Dayal and Mahindra (India) 6-0 6-0; Narendra Nath (India) and R. Deyro (Philippines) beat V. Cernik and C. Spychala (Czechoslovakia) 9-7 6-3; P. Remy and R. Abdesselam (France) beat N. K. Sondhi and K. L. Pahwa (India) 6-0 6-2; G. D. Oakley and G. L. Paish (Britain) beat V. P. Sayal and M. L. Sondhi 6-1 6-1; D. Mitic and M. Branovic (Yugoslavia) beat B. R. Kashyap and Daljit Singh 4-6 6-2 6-0; P. Washer and J. Peten (Belgium) vs. Rama Rao and Balwant Singh. Washer and J. Peten took first set at 6-4 second nine all (unfinished).

WOMEN'S SINGLES: Mrs. Patricia Todd (U.S.) beat Miss Pramji (India) 6-0 6-2; Mrs. Nellie Adamson walk over Miss Datar Singh; Miss G. Hoahing (Britain) beat Miss Pramilla Khanna (India) 6-2 6-2; Miss K. L. A. Tuckey (Britain) beat Miss U. Thapar (India) 6-0 6-0; Miss Gertrude Moran (U.S.) walk over Miss Malik (India) Miss Jean Quertier (Britain) beat Mrs. Dubrey (India) 6-0 6-1; Mrs. Betty Hilton beat Miss Vasudeva 6-0 6-0.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES: Miss Moran and Mrs. Todd w.o. Miss Khanna and Partner, Mrs. Betty Hilton and Miss K. L. A. Tuckey beat Miss Thapar and Miss Vasudeva 6-0 6-1.

MIXED DOUBLES: Mrs. K. Singh and Partner walk over Col. Anant Singh and Mrs. Anant Singh; Miss Gertrude Moran and P. Washer beat Miss Pramji and G. Pandhi 6-1 6-0.

£ 1,500 Snooker Tournament

LONDON, Jan. 11, (PTI-Reuter): John Pulman and Peter Mans of South Africa each won three frames this afternoon when their match in the 'News of the World" £1,500 Snooker tournament was continued. This left Pulman leading by 17 to 13 and needing only two successes tonight to win the match. This afternoon's scores with Pulman first were 94 to 15, 20 to 81, 39 to 70, 68 to 47, 77 to 33 and 27 to 72. Mans receives two points in each frame.

Walter Donaldson maintained his four frames lead over Kingsley Kennerley in their World Snooker Championship quarter final at Bolton each winning three frames this afternoon at the end of which session Donaldson led by 17 to 13. Scores with Donaldson first were 65 to 53, 73 to 18, 54 to 76, 99 to 25, 36 to 66 and 56 to 68.

ROBERTS LEAVES FOR INDIA

...Will Ride In Gwalior Colours For Rest Of Bombay Season

LONDON, Jan. 11.

A Roberts, a flat race jockey from the North of England, left by air today for India where he has accpted a retainer to ride during the next two months. He hopes to return to England in time for opening of the English flat racing season on March 16.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

WELLINGTON, Jan. 11. (PTI-Reuter).

Wellington is assured of winning the New Zealand Plunkett Shield cricket series this season.

Recently victories over Otago and Canterbury had put Wellington in a position that could be challenged only in the event of Canterbury beating Otago, but this match was abandoned on the final day today owing to heavy rain. The match, which resulted in Otago gaining first innings points.

Hockey At Bangalore

BANGALORE, Jan. 11, (PTI): The Tobacco Manufacturers beat Indian Gymkhana by an odd goal in the Bangalore United Services Club Cup Hockey Tournament played here this evening at the B. R. V. grounds.

The Tobacco Manufacturers scored the only goal of the match in the first half.

WILSON'S EASY WIN OVER SHAFFI

Alec Sequeira Cup Billiards Tournament

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Playing his match in the Handicap Billiards Tournament for the Alec Sequeira Cup this evening against M. Shaffi with minus 225 as his handicap; and defying his heavy Handicap (minus 350), Wilson, a left hand player, was in his true form; and compiling good breaks he went into a early lead which he maintained till in the end.

As the game progressed Wilson, cueing with masterly control and making the consistent and repeatedly good breaks with rare judgment; arranging his strokes cleverly and beautifully for the subsequent shot, continued to pile up his score. Wiping out his handicap of 350 points Wilson had made 51 points towards the game while his opponent Shaffi had just then scored 166 out of his handicap and still required 59 points more to come to scratch. Increasing his lead by some useful breaks Wilson never allowed his young rival Shaffi to score; and by his brainy and superb play Wilson had then scored 220 points when his rival's score read only 98.

At this stage from Wilson's play it appeard that he was physically tired and that prevented him from making any addition to his score. Taking advantage of the slackness on part of Wilson, Shaffi reduced the margin and increased his own score from 98 to 16. Tiding over the difficult period Wilson made the necessary points to win the game and the match at 250 to 171.

Consistent good breaks compiled by Wilson were 24, 34, 21, 22, 44, 30, 66, and 39; while Shaffi had to his credit two breaks of 24 and 21.

This victory takes Wilson into the quarterfinal round.

GAEKWAD SCORES CENTURY IN EACH INNINGS

Baroda Wins West Zone Final Of Ranji Trophy

BARODA, Jan. 11. (PTI).

BARODA won the West Zone final of the Cricket Championship of India for the Ranji Trophy by virtue of their first innings lead over Gujerat. Baroda will now meet the winners of the South Zone final between Madras and Hyderabad in the semi-final of the tournament proper.

Baroda, having secured a lead of 212 runs with nine second innings wickets in tact at the conclusion of play on the third day yesterday, were virtually in an unassailable position. The only interest in today's play was whether Baroda's Dattajirao Gaekwad, who had scored a century in the first innings, would score a century in each innings in this tournament. This he achieved and Baroda's second innings was declared closed at 348 for four wickets.

Set the impossible task of scoring 421 runs in 115 minutes, Gujerat scored 211 runs for the loss of four wickets.

Baroda added 133 runs to their overnight second innings total of 139 for 1 wicket before lunch today.

Baroda declared their second innings closed at 348 runs without further loss of wickets when the game had progressed for 45 minutes after lunch. Gaekwad scored a century in the second innings also.

Gaekwad who had scored 128 in the first innings again scored another century in the second innings thus taking the credit of scoring a century in each innings in the Ranji Trophy tournament.

BARODA (First Innings) 357

GUJERAT (First Innings) 284

BARODA (Second Innings)

S. K. Vichare b Reshamwalla 77, S. G. Powar c Chinubhai b Reshamwalla 73, D. K. Gaekwad not out 101, Yuvraj of Baroda run out 3, J. Ghorpade b Reshamwalla 6, Gul Mohammad not out 70, Extras 18, Total (for 4 wickets) declared 348.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/123 2/181 3/204 4/218.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: J. H. Shodhan 4-0-15-0; W. D'Souza 14-3-48-0; D. H. Shodhan 19-3-63-0; Jasu Patel 11-3-25-0; G Kishenchand 6-0-30-0; D. Medh 4-0-20-0; H. R. Reshamwalla 13-6-34-3; P. Khambatta 10.3-0-61-0; V Desai 6-0-33-0.

GUJERAT (Second Innings)

H. R. Reshamwalla b Vichare 31 V Chinubhai c Gaekwad b Ghorpade 16, V. Desai run out 51; W. D'Souza not out 81; J H. Shodhan c Gul Mohammed b Ghorpade 4; D. H. Shodhan not out 23; Extras 5; Total (for 4 wickets) 211.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/47; 2/67; 3/137; 4/153.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: S. Patkar 5-0-29-0; S. K. Vichare 9-1-36-1; J. M. Ghorpade 14-0-67-3; M. S. Chumble 8-0-23-0; D. K. Gaekwad 5-0-46-0; Yuvraj of Baroda 1-0-5-0.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE OF AMERICAN SURPLUS STORES

DATE AND TIME: 20th January, 1950. (a) at 10 A.M. (b) at 12 Noon.

PLACE OF SALE: (a) The Bhagwati Medical Stores Depot, 121, J. N. Mukerjee Road, Howrah. (b) The Empress Medical Sub-Depot, J. N. Mukerjee Road, Howrah.

AUCTIONEERS: Messrs. Mackenzie Lyall & Co., 5, Mission Row, Calcutta for both (a) & (b).

DESCRIPTION OF STORES: Electric Washing Machine, X'Ray Field Generators, Machine Lathe, M. T. Tools, Disinfectors Mobile, Power Saw, Drill Electric, Grinder Electric, Milling Machines, X'Ray Field Dark Room Tent, Cooking Range, Beds and Tables, Pack Boards Surgical Dressings and Sponges, Litters, First Aid Sets, Cups Paper, Empty Chests, Kits First Aid, Other Miscellaneous Medical Stores, Salvage Scraps etc., etc.

Full details of the stores can be had from the Auctioneers. Permits to view the stores may be obtained from the Office of the Director (U. S. Transfers) from the 16th January to the 19th January, 1950. Full details and condition of sale will be announced at the time of auction. All or any of the stores may be withdrawn from the auction, if necessary.

Office of the Director (U.S. Transfers),

6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

A.G. 114

Governor-General's Cup This Saturday

CALCUTTA, Jan. 11 (PTI).

The following are the handicaps for the Governor-General's Cup and the Indian Champion Cup, which are to be held this Saturday here:—

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S CUP (about 1-3/4 miles)

Terms: Horses Class One only.

Boy Blue 9-3, Foxbridge Bay 9-3, Du-Bon-Air 8-3, Priorate 8-3, Devon Son 9-3, Alien 9-3, Diesel 9-3, Selector 9-3, Touchhe 9-3, Shahi Bag 9-3, Fair Ray 9-1.

THE INDIAN CHAMPION CUP (about 1-1/4 miles).

Terms: Indian Horses four years old and upwards.

Thalwil 9-7, Romeo 9-7, Hindustan Zindabad 9-3, Aziz 8-11, Halcyon Days 8-11, Illusion 8-7, Blue Mist 8-7, Motley Hill 8-7, El Alamein 8-7, Rim Jhim 8-7, Escapade 8-7, Ma Belle 8-7, Cockpit Pride 8-3, Moonglow 8-3, Pillbuster 8-3, Der-nue-way 7-4.

Renewed Buying In Tata Defds.

COTTON MILL SHARES STEADY WITH MODERATE SUPPORT

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady today with routine business. There was scattered buying support for speculative counters. Steels, Mills and Burmas were in modest demand. Comparatively higher carryover charges at the last settlement disclosed somewhat overbought situation and naturally at present the market is passing through a corrective process.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1610 and steadily moved up at Rs. 1625. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 330 and advanced at Rs. 333. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 32-9.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1135 and improved at Rs. 1140. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 309 and gained two points at Rs. 311. Svadeshi Mill shares were placed at Rs. 284. Scindias were done at Rs. 14-8 and Bombay Burmas were steady at Rs. 387-8. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 162-8.

Later on there was renewed buying support and Tata Steel Defds advanced at Rs. 1657 and Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 339. Bombay Dyeings hardened at Rs. 1160. Tone of the market was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1162 8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	316 0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	288 0
Central India Mills (6)	267 0
Simplex Mills (9-8) XD	214 0
New Great Eastern (8)	166 0
Indore	130 0
Gokak Mills (12)	292 0
Century Spinning (15)	250 10
Swan Mills (20)	326 0
Indian Bleaching (6)	147 0
Finlay Mills (15)	283 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	440 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	238 12
Meyer (12)	108 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 15 6
India United Ord. (0-12-0)	12 12
India United Defd. (0-2-8)	1 14 9
Podar (S)	145 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	180 0
Swadeshi Coupon	68 8
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	339 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1660 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	137 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	163 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	391 4
Belapur Sugar (9)	240 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	32 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14 12
Premier Construction	100 0
Tata Chemical	12 14
Tata Oil (2)	54 12
Indian Iron (As. 12)	32 12
Bengal Steel (0-12)	23 9
British Indian Corp. (9-9)	9 6 6
Indian Copper	2 6
Wimco	216 4
Alcock	285 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1550 0
Tata Hydro (3)	156 0
Andhra Valley (25)	1442 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	62 0
Phoenix (50)	142 8
Indian Mfg.	2920 0
Kurla X D	118 12
Colaba (12)	120 0
New City (11)	188 12
Minerva (12)	140 0
Bradbury (12)	520 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	5 6
Bharat Mills (2)	33 12
Mysore (8)	182 8
Model Mills (12-8)	178 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	696 4
Vishnu Cotton (8)	235 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 8
Sholapur Mills (200)	2880 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	60 8
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240 0
New Ahmedabad	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	32 1
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 14
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shinivas Mills (S)	171 4
Raja Bahadur (4)	62 0
Berar Mills	250 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	130 10
Ahmedabad New	77 0
Surat Electric	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	136 14
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	141 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	156 14
Bombay Suburban New	85 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1785 0
Imperial Bank P (8-12)	443 12
Central Bank (1-8)	83 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	84 12
Bank of India (4)	177 8
Union (0-3)	7 3
Baroda (2-8)	121 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 4
United Commercial (1-8)	50 8
Jaipur Bank (1-5)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	305 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	1250
Empire (10)	571 4
New India (1-7)	63 0
Jupiter (0-12)	13 0
Vulcan (0-10)	12 1
Indian Mercantile (2)	36 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B I G (1)	14 12
Industrial and Prudential	26 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	12 12
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P (1-14) XD	113 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (103)	242 8
Bombay Burma New (5) XD	131 4
Burma Petrol	1 4 9
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	60 8
Kemp and Co. (30)	362 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	87 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	43 0
Mukund Iron	13 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	17 0
Alembic (15)	148 12
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	28 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B. S.)	145 0
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (37)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Gujarat Motor	28 0
Estrella Batteries	20 8
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	56 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1241 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1317 8
Hydro Electric (7)	130 0
Bombay Steamer (6)	220 0
Central India (5)	655 0
Swedeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	650 0
Lakshmi Mills	267 8
Khatau	100 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	105 10
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130 0
Pre Construction First	100 8
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 8
Habir	7 0
Tata Chemical	128 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	60 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	13 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 6
National Rayon	70 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 9
Indian Hume Pipe	101 8
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 8
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 10
New Victoria	2 4
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 4
Palton (8)	118 0
Gold Mohor	302 8
New Kaiser Hind	325 0
Sajjan Mills X.D.	150 0
Osmanshahi (16)	250 0
Azamshahi	280 0
Air India Tata	68 0
Air Services	4 7
Hind Motors	5 2 6
Indian Steam	8 2 6

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

Tata Ordinary 339-8, Tata Deferred 1660, Indian Iron 32-12, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 23-9, Bombay Dying 1162-8, Central India 267-8, Gokak 292-8. Kohinoor 316-4, Simplex 214, Swadeshi 288-12, Tata Power 1550, Associated Cement 163-12, Belapur 240-10, Bombay Burma (Old) 391-4, Scindia 14-12, Central Bank 83, New India 63, Tata 2nd Pref. 137-8.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

120	Ready Japan	5	1 0
150	Ready Japan	4	6 0
120	Ready Italy	4	13 0
150	Ready Italy	4	6 0
150	D. Box Jan.	869	0 0
150	D. Box Feb.	873	0 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

2 1/2	per cent 1954	98	14 0
2 1/2	per cent 1950	100	4 0
2 1/2	per cent 1955	99	11 0
2 1/2	per cent 1961	96	10 0
2 1/2	per cent 1960	99	10 0
2 3/4	per cent 1962	99	2 0
2 3/4	per cent 1973	96	0 0
3	per Cent Con.	97	14 6
3	per cent 1951-54	101	12 0
3	per cent 1952-55	102	0 0
3	per cent 1957	101	12 0
3	per cent 1959-61	101	5 0
3	per cent 1963-65	100	6 0
3	per cent 1966-68	100	5 0
3	per cent 1970-75	100	2 0
3	1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	8 0
3	1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	4 0
4	1/2 per cent 1950-55	101	12 0
4	1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8 0
4	1/2 per cent 1958 66	113	0 0
	PROVINCIAL LOANS		
3	per cent Bombay 1962	99	4 0
2	3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	1 0
2	3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	1 0
3	per cent Bombay 1955	100	8 4
3	per cent Bombay 1958	100	4 0
3	per cent Punjab 1952	99	0 0
3	per cent Madras 1953-53	100	6 0
3	per cent C P. 1952	100	6 0
3	per cent U. P. 1952	100	6 0
3	per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2 0
3	per cent U P. 1961-68	99	12 0
3	1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0 0
4	per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12 0
4	per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8 0
5	p.c. Bombay Muni 1959	114	0 0
6	per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8 0
6	per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12 0

Profits Of Bank Of Jaipur Ltd.

Subject to audit the profits of the Bank of Jaipur Ltd., for the year ended 31st December, amounted to Rs. 6,30,416-11-2 inclusive of the amount of Rs. 89,644-12-10 brought forward from last year.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, Jan. 10

2 1/2	per cent British Consols	£69 1/8
3 1/2	per cent Conversion Loan 1961	92 3/4
4	per cent Funding Loan 1960-90	106
3 1/2	per cent War Loan on or after December 1st 1952	91 1/8
Chartered Bank of India		9 13/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank		91
National Bank		32 1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6.904.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

MILLS

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

Apollo 2-15 2-14-6 2-15-6
Bharat 32-12
B. Dyeing 1135 33-12 41-4 35 45 38-12 62-8
C. India 259, 60 59 66 65 67
Colaba 201 19-8 20
E. Textiles 238-12
Elphinston Ord. 62
Finlay 277 88
Gokak 290 87 92 89 9' 92
I.U. Defd 1-15 1-14-6 1-15 1-14-9
I.U Ord. 12-5 12-8 12-7 12-12
Indore 125 30
Kohinoor 309 11 8-8 16
Meyer 108-12
New City 187-8 88-12
New Great 162 66
Podar 145 43-12 45
Simplex 210 14
Svadeshi 283 84 83 86
Tata Mills 60 60-8
Vishnu 230 35
B. Steam 242-8
Scindia 14-6, 14-10 14-7 14-14 14-12
Baroda 121
Central 83 82-12 83
Imperial Ol(1790 80 90 85
Imperial New 442-8 43-12
India 175 79 77-8
Union 7-3
U. Commercial 50-8 49-8 50-8
Ahmedabad 130/10
Andhra 1450 52/8
Andhra Pref 1235
Surat 131/4
Hydro 155 56
Power 1245 42/8 52/8 50
Power Pref 1322/8 25
New India 62 63/8 63
Vulcan 12/1
B. Steel 23/6 23/2 23/9
I. Iron 32/6 32/4 32/12
Tata Defd 1610 7/8 20 10 60
Tata Ord 331 30/8 32/8 30/8 39/8
Tata 2nd Pref 137/8 37/12 37/8 37/12
Alcock 285 82/8 85
A.C.C. 162 61/4 63/12
Belapur 235 37/8 36 41 39/8 40/8
B. B Old 380 92/8 88/12 91/4
B. B. New 127/8 31/4
B. B. Petrol 1/5/6 1/4/9
B.I.C. 9/5 9/4 9/5/6
Dharamsey 43
I. Bleaching 147
I. Copper 2/6/6 2/6
I. I. Trust 87
P. Construction 97/8 100/8 100
Shivrajpur 32
Tata Chemical 12/13 12/12 12/14
Tata Oil 54 54/4 54 54/12
Wimco 217/8 15 16/4

SPECIAL

Coorla Mills 117/8 12/12

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

The local Bullion market was fairly steady this morning with moderate buying. The demand in ready remains much behind daily arrivals but professional mills are supporting the market.

Maha delivery Silver opened at Rs. 175 and advanced at Rs. 175-8 while Ready Silver was offered at Rs. 175.

Maha delivery Gold opened at Rs. 13-12 and advanced at Rs. 114-2. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114-6 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 75-4.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

The Board has finally fixed the rate of Rs. 37-7 for January contract for settlement purpose. Thus there ends of forward business in Groundnuts. The new association must take a lesson from this experience and must provide safeguards against anti-social activities of professional operators. Thus it is imperative that a limit be placed on individual business in any particular hedge contract or the Board must have power to call upon margin against prospective delivery. The market was steady today. It is said that bulls have a fairly large long interest in Groundnut February contract. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Quality Receipts	Rs.	39	4 0
Bold Ready		38	6 0
Oil Bombay Mills		21	4 0
Oil Up-country Mills		20	12 0
Oil January		20	15 0
Oil February		21	5 6
LINSEED—			
Indore		35	6 0
Bold		35	2 0
February-March		34	8 0
March-April		34	0 0
April-May		33	10 0
Oil		21	0 0
CASTORSEED—			
January Delivery		24	4 0
Ready		23	14 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

There was no forward business today in the local cotton market.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

BOMBAY, January 10.

	Bales. 1949-50	Bales. 1948-49
Receipts (By Rail and Sea) 6th January to 9th 9th January	19795	27392
Receipts (By Rail and Sea) 1st September to 9th January	477795	366369
Shipments 6th January to 9th January		
United Kingdom	....	....
Continent	5103	7470
China	....	....
Japan	300	....
Coast Ports	924	1169
Total	6327	8639
Shipments 1st September to 9th January		
United Kingdom	1350	7071
Continent	43106	63608
China	...	9301
Japan	6300	1344
U. S. A.	36120	7351
Other Foregn Countries	3385	2694
Total all Foreign Countries	90261	91369
Coast Ports	21289	90849
Total	111550	182218
Transhipment in Bombay Harbour During the month of November Total	367	80
1st September to 30th November Total	1435	81

Later on there was increased buying and final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	176	8	0
Maha delivery	176	14	0
Ready Gold	114	8	0
Maha Delivery	114	4	0

INCREASE OF RS. 10/- CRORES IN NOTES CIRCULATION

Weekly Statement Of Reserve Bank

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 6th day of January:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	12,66,80,000
Notes in circulation	11,80,87,42,000
Previous week (1108,46,51,000)	
Total	11,29,57,22,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:	
Held in India	40,01,71,000
Foreign Securities	620,34,38,000
Previous week (610,34,38,000)	
Rupee Coin	53,98,30,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	45,22,83,000
Total	11,29,57,22,000

Ratio of Total A to Liabilities 58,461 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,0000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:	
Central Government	151,25,19,000
Other Governments	22,73,04,000
Banks	70,46,45,000
Others	64,14,37,000
Bills Payable	5,13,35,000
Other Liabilities	10,18,27,000
Total	333,90,67,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	12,66,80,000
Rupee Coin	9,11,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,77,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:	
Internal	41,00,000
Government Treasury Bills	5,59,06,000
Balances held abroad	207,74,10,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	4,48,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	7,80,82,000
Investments	90,62,68,000
Other Assets	4,47,33,000
Total	333,90,67,000

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET DULL

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.

BLACK PEPPER: The market for black pepper was very dull but steady with spots offered at 1.27 dollars a pound, afloats at 1.21 to 1.24 dollars according to position of steamer. There is still no appreciable volume of buying Following are today's closing prices: Black Pepper spot 1.27 asked. January 1.25 nominal, March 1.19 nominal, May 1.18 nominal. July 1.18 nominal, September 1.16 nominal, October 1.14 nominal. White pepper spot 2.40 asked

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, Jan 10.

The pepper market was idle but there was no further change in prices except for cheaper offers of Malabar afloat. Black Lampong January-February shipment, was offered at 8sh 3d. and white muntok at 13 sh. 6d. per pound shipping weight with white sarawak at 14 sh. delivered weight c.i.f. basis ports Sellers indicated 975 sh. for Malabar afloat, 940 for January and 390 per cwt., for January-February, c.i.f., unikingdom but buyers did not respond

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Jan. 10.

The Singapore pepper market continued to suffer from absence of buying interest. Black lampong was 15 dollars cheaper at 420 per picul while white muntok was down another 25 at 750 dollars.

Commission House Buys N. Y. July Cotton Contract

IRREGULARLY LOWER TENDENCY IN WALL STREET

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.

COTTON: The initial steadiness reflected price fixing in nearbys credited to mill and export accounts plus commission house buying of 1950 July and the more forward positions based on anticipated tightening of free supplies. Prices later reacted modestly on increased profittaking in July and forwards. Meanwhile nearbys held relatively steady as a result of active demand for cottongoods and export prospects with shippers reporting that Britain has reentered the market for supplies. The market closed steary with old crops either equalling or reaching new seasonal highs featured by persistent dribbling price fixing on bullish textile news and eport prospects. Otherwise no fresh factors developed. Sales are estimated at 150,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON	
March	30.98+05
May	30.97+06
July	30.56+03
October	28.63+01
December	28.53+03
Middling Spot	31.83+06
NEW ORLEANS COTTON	
March	30.88+03
May	30.90+06
July	30.45+04
October	28.57+03
Middling Spot	30.63—

New York Cotton: March Highest 30.98 at 14-47 hours. Lowest 30.88 at 11-35 hours

ALEXANDRIA COTTON ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 10.	
KARNAK Jan.	79.85—110
Mar.	79.50— 75
May	79.25— 70
ASHMOUNI Feb.	74.25—100
Apr.	73.70— 90
Jun.	72.55— 80

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: Under the weight of corrective profittaking and some nervous liquidation, stocks developed softness. Initial fractional indecision was followed by irregularly lower tendencies ranging upto one dollar including leading steels, rails, motors Oils, chemicals minings and textiles. The averages were Industrials 201.08 and rails 54.64.

Although pressure was limited during the afternoon the stock market failed to display much recuperative power. Numerous buyers adopted a wait and see attitude while watching the coal situation and awaiting Truman's tax message this week. Steels, turned selling targets at times as the soft-coal strike tended to spread slowly. New York, Chicago and St. Louis common featured late trading with a rise of seven dollars. This served to bring the rail average to a slight gain on the day. Elsewhere, few changes occurred and the closing tone was irregular. ...

NEW YORK STOCKS New York, Jan. 10.	
American Telephone and Telegraph	147-1/8
Amerex Holding Co.	33-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	30-5/8
Chase National Bank	36-1/4
Firestone Tyre	55-5/8
General Electric	42-1/4
General Motors	71-7/8
Ingersol Rand	69
International Nickel of Canada "A"	28-1/8
National City Bank	45
New York Central Rail Road	13-3/8
Sinclair Corp.	22-7/8
Sconv Vacuum Oil	16-7/8
Texas Corp.	61-7/8
Union Carbide	44-7/8
U S. Smelting and Refining	38-1/2
U. S. Steel Common	27-1/4
Western Union "A"	22-1/8

Volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 2,180,000 shares.

Highest and Lowest U.. S. Steel trading prices were 27-3/8 and 27-1/4 respectively

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Jan. 10

GRAINS: Grains rallied on active covering in wheat following yesterday's sharp setback. The latter was partly attributed to a report which the ECA confirmed overnight that France sold Holland 110,000 bushels wheat. Scattered buying also took place on private reports of high winds over parts of Kansas and Oklahoma and light arrivals of grain at the terminal markets.

CHICAGO WHEAT CHICAGO, Jan. 10	
March	2.16 7/8
May	2.10 3/4
July	1.91 5/8
September	1.92 1/4

CONTINENTAL STOCK EXCHANGES

PARIS, Jan. 10.

Although dealings were again lively and firmness replaced initial hesitancy, improvements were not uniform as buying was discerning. A feature on the forward market was the activity in Bank of Paris. Citroen was another bright spot on reports of encouraging results for 1949 and news that production of its new model has now commenced. Rentes revived and the recent losses were partially recovered.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 10

Minings put on a few points today following reports stressing the improvement in the industry's output. Coals displayed irregularity but various industrials and stores held steady.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 10

With rubbers preminent following a better commodity feeling. the stock market was generally inactive with Royal Dutch initially depressed by arbitrage offerings but later steadying. Plantations found favour closing better.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Jan. 10

London Silver Spot and forward	64d.
Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£12-8-0
Australian wheat Jan-Feb. ..	12l/8

PAKISTAN STATE BANK

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Airmail)

Following is the statement of account of the Affairs of the State Bank of Pakistan for the week ended Dec 30, 1949:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Liabilities: Notes held in the Banking Department, Rs. 3,19,43,000; Notes in circulation Rs. 170,68,56,000; Total notes issued Rs. 173,87,99,000

Total Liabilities Rs. 173,87,99,000.

Assets: I. A. Gold Coin and Bullion Rs. 4,20,71,000; Silver Bullion nil, Sterling Securities Rs. 57,53,43,000; Government of India Securities Rs. 31,63,58,000; India notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 43,17,04,000, Rs. 136,54,76,000

B. Rupee Coin Rs. 4,95,90,000; Government of Pakistan Securities Rs. 23,47,33,000; Internal bills of exchange and other commercial paper nil; Rs 31,43,23,000.

II. Held with the Reserve Bank of India pending transfer to Pakistan:—Gold Coin and Bullion Rs. 19,02,000; Sterling Securities Rs. 3,87,77,000; Government of India Securities Rs. 1,53,71,000; Rupee Coin Rs. 29,50,000; Rs. 5,90,00,000.

Total Assets Rs 173,87,99,000.

N.B.—Ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion, Silver Bullion, Sterling Securities and approved Foreign Exchange to total note circulation: 31.75 per cent.

Note:—India Securities etc., have been shown at their previous value pending formal notification of exchange rates

BANKING DEPARTMENT

Liabilities: Capital paid up Rs. 3,00,00,000

Reserve Fund Rs. 3,00,00,000.

Deposits:—(a) Central Government Rs. 48,06,30,000; (b) Provincial Governments Rs. 11,21,32,000; (c) Banks Rs. 31,87,21,000; (d) Others Rs. 4,45,27,000.

Bills Payable Rs. 2,02,000.

Other Liabilities Rs. 1,97,21,000.

Total Rs 93,61,23,000.

Assets: Notes Rs 3,19,43,000.

Rupee Coin:—(a) Pakistan Rs. 2,000; (b) India nil

Subsidiary Coin:—(a) Pakistan nil; (b) India Rs. 2,12,000.

Bills Purchased and Discounted:—(a) Internal nil; (b) External nil; (c) Government Treasury Bills Rs. 10,48,24,000

Balances held outside Pakistan Rs. 46,86,69,000.

Loans and Advances to Government nil.

Other Loans and Advances Rs. 2,23,78,000.

Investments Rs. 27,91,57,000.

Other Assets Rs 2,89,48,000.

Total Rs. 93,61,23,000.

N. Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.

SILVER: The market continued active and consumers bought 350,000 ounces at unchanged 73-1/2 cents an ounce. It is also learned that an additional 200,000 ounces which arrived in New York yesterday from Europe and presumably of Australian origin, were also absorbed by consumers.

Firm Tone On Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS, January 11

The local market firmed up today. Kalasas in the tea group improved Rs. 12 while in the rubber group Kalpettah improved to Rs 16 8 tea and coffees scrips met with good support textiles firmed up with Maduras going through at Rs. 39 cum. div. for 17 1 2 per cent Cambodias, Janardhanas and Lakshmis maintained ground. Banks shares were slightly better with the Travancore banks going through 14 6 FACTS and Mettur Chemical showed moderate rise in the miscellaneous group. The market closed firm.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock market:—

GOVERNMENT LOANS: Three per cent Paper 97 13. Do. Three per cent 1966 97 15 3. Do. Three per cent 1970 75 100 1. Government of Travancore Loan Three per cent 1952/54 100 12, Government of Madras Loan Three per cent 1960 100/1/6.

BANKS: Travancore 14 4.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 2, Chembra 4/14, Cochin Malabar 4/13, Devashola 14, Midland 16/8, Nellampathy 1.2, Ouchterlony 6 6, Pullangode 1/3/6, Thirumbadi 2, T. K. and T. Co. 5/14, Vadakundam 6/2.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 158, Do. Pref. 189, Bangalore Woollen 248, Cambodia 11 14, Coimbatore CM 133/8, Do Pioneer 120, Do. Spg. 51/6, Lakshmi 67 4, Madura 39 4, Mettur 325, Radhakrishna 156, Rajalakshmi 68/8, Ranga Vilas 51/8, Trav Rayons 4 7, Trichinopoly 10.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 67, F. A. C. T. 4/8, India Cement 17/12, Mettur Chem. 6/1, Mysore Chem. Fert 8/8.

Calcutta Share Bazar

CALCUTTA, Jan. 11.

The market opened quiet but steadied up with the progress of the day with regard to the more speculative stocks while other stocks ruled steady and unchanged. Following are today's final transactions upto 3-00 p.m.:

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1966 98/1 three per cent loan 1967 101/10 a lot, three per cent loan 1963/65 100/4 a lot, three per cent loan 1959/61 101/8.

BANKS: Allahabad Bank conty 243, Hindustan Commercial 27/12.

Cottons: Dunbar 191, Elgin Mills 17/3, Kesoram 15/10, New Victoria ordy. 2/8.

COALS: Bengal 506, Burrakur 12/12 Churulia 5/6, Equitable 43/8, Chasick Muslia 16/5, South Karanpura 29/14, Talcher 3/1.

JUTES: Angio India 184, Barnagore 212, al, Champdany 174/8, Belvedere 245, Ganges 265, Howrah 28/13, India 153, Kankasnarrahs 171 al, Kinnison 178, al, National 24, Orient 212, Presidency 5/12, Nuddea 70

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron 31/14 Jessop and Co. 15, Marshalls 6/6 al. ct. National Iron 4/7, Saran Eng. 9/2, Steel Corp. 23/12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp 2/11, Consolidated Tin annas 15, Indian Copper 2/7, Tavoy Tin annas 11, Sone Valley Cement 6 15, Alkali and Chemical 10/8, Calcuta Electric 16, Alluminium Corp. 4/15, Angelo Bros. 26/9, B.I.C. 9/5, Calcutta Trams 16/10 F. and C. Oeler 6/8, Indian Alluminium 135, Indian Wood Products 27/12, Jardine Henderson 138 s o lot, Martin Burn 16/4, National Insulated Cable 8/8, Bengal Paper 43/8, Shree Gopal Paper 11/8, Titaghur Paper 34/9, Midnapore Zemindary 61/8, Assam Sawe 8/10, India Steamship 8.

SUGARS: Carew and Co. 9/8, Ramnugger Cane 14/10.

TEAS: Bateh 14, Central Cachar 80 Huldibari 23/4, Dufflaghur 29/8 ct., East India 16/2, Hantaprara 182, Hasimara 38, Margarets Hope 8 ct, Tezpore 22/8, Tyroon 21/12.

S. S. "STEEL APPRENTICE"

DIRECT sailing from BOMBAY to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and NORFOLK. Cargo for South Atlantic, and U.S. Gulf ports will also be accepted.

READY January 19th. SAILING January 22nd.

A direct call at Halifax or St. John will also be arranged as required, transit time of the voyage being about 22 days. Please apply for cargo space by this very fast opportunity to:

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
ISTHMIAN STEAMSHIP CO.

WHY SUFFER FROM SORE ACHING BLISTERED FEET?

Use this world-famous Zam-Buk

It's simply marvellous how pain and tiredness go when you use Zam-Buk. This wonderful herbal ointment is famous all over the world. Zam-Buk soothes away the inflammation, reduces the swelling, heals the sore broken skin, and makes and keeps your feet fit and healthy. Corns and hard skin are softened by Zam-Buk so that they can be easily removed. Guaranteed free from animal fat.

Excellent for pimples, rashes, eczema, ulcers, abscesses, sores, cuts, wounds, burns, scalds, insect bites, sore aching feet, muscular pains and bodily chills.

Zam-Buk

SOOTHING, HEALING, ANTISEPTIC OINTMENT

Agent: Messrs. KEMP & CO., LTD. P. O. Box 937 BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

TIME TO CHANGE OUR NARROW OUTLOOK

Dr. Ambedkar's Advice To Scheduled Castes

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

DR. B. R. AMBEDKAR, India's Law Minister and Scheduled Castes leader, addressing a mammoth gathering at Nare Park this evening, called upon the members of his community to change their past narrow outlook and to place the larger interests of the country above their sectarian ends.

The Law Minister who was addressing a public meeting of the Scheduled Castes Federation for the first time after years, hinted that their organisation would have to co-operate with some other political party during the forthcoming general elections.

He said that the Scheduled Castes being a minority, will not be able to hold their own in the elections and would have to seek the co-operation of some other party. While not mentioning the particular party with which they would co-operate, Dr. Ambedkar pointed out that their stand would be taken in the light of the then prevailing political situation and party alignments.

A POLITICAL FORCE

The occasion for the public meeting was the presentation of a golden casket containing a luxuriously-bound copy of India's new Constitution to their leader by the Bombay and Suburban Branches of the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation' "as a token of love and appreciation of the services he had rendered to his community," as Mr. J. G. Bhatankar, the Secretary, put it. Dr. Ambedkar was also presented with a purse of Rs. 2,021.

Over 30,000 people, who packed the Nare Park, gave a big ovation to their leader as Dr. Ambedkar rose to speak. Mrs. Ambedkar was also present at the function.

The Law Minister said that his election as the Chairman of the Constitution Drafting Committee was a unique honour not only to himself, but a recognition of the Federation as a political force to be reckoned with.

In the past they had to fight against formidable odds and there were many who dubbed him as a stooge of the Muslim League. Throughout the last 20 years, the Congress was at loggerheads with the Federation, and they were determined to see that no representative of the Federation got a seat in the Constituent Assembly.

He never dreamt that he would be charged with the responsibility of framing the country's Constitution. Now the opponents have realised that the Federation was a political force which could not be slighted or ignored.

BROADER OUTLOOK

Dr. Ambedkar said that hitherto the Federation had followed a narrow path, namely putting their own interests above those of the country, and he admitted he was partly responsible for it. Now that India has achieved independence, the time has come to change their attitude and strive for the national good, while of course safeguarding their own interests, he observed.

During the British regime, he added, the Federation followed its own policy, keeping aloof from other political parties. "We are after all a minority and a minority cannot be successful in the elections without the support of a more powerful political party," he said. He said that their organisation, therefore, would have to seek the support of some other party during the next elections. Dr. Ambedkar made a fervent appeal to the audience to contribute to the election funds liberally.

Before the presentation of the casket, Dr. Ambedkar was garlanded on behalf of several organisations of the city and suburbs.

Anti-Blackmarketing Bill In Bihar Assembly

PATNA, Jan. 11 (PTI): The Bihar Black-marketing (Temporary Powers) Bill 1940, which seeks to provide for special powers to prevent black-marketing, was introduced in the Bihar Assembly today.

The Bill provides for setting up of special tribunals to try cases of black-marketing.

Many offences punishable under the Act have been cognizable and non-bailable. No Court will, however, take cognizance of cases of black-marketing unless upon a complaint made by order of, or under authority from, the Provincial Government.

Celebrations On Jan. 26

Socialist Move Defeated

MUNICIPAL STANDING BODY'S GRANT

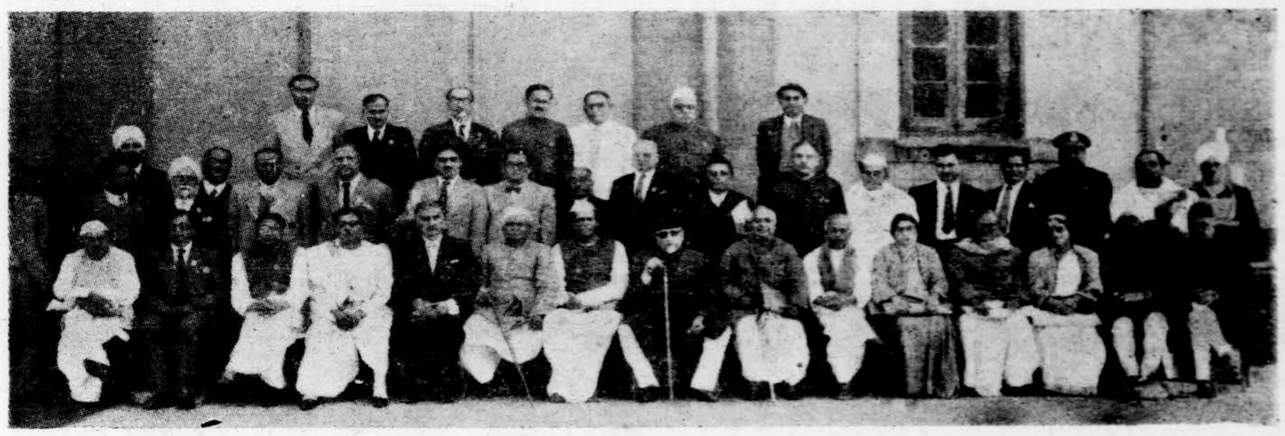
BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Municipal Standing Committee at its meeting today sanctioned a sum of Rs. 25,000 for the Indian Republic Day celebrations in the city, falling on Jan. 26 next. Mr. Salebhai Abdul Kader presided.

Mr. Dinker Desai, a Socialist member, moved an amendment that the sum be reduced to Rs. 5,000. He stressed the desirability of not being too lavish on such celebrations, particularly at a time when there was a financial crisis in the country which was getting poorer and poorer day by day.

The amendment was thrown out and the original resolution sanctioning the grant was carried by a large majority.

Advisory Board Of Education Meets



Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Education Minister, and Chairman of the Central Advisory Board of Education, photographed at the annual meeting of the Board at Cuttack, with Pandit Lingraj Misra, Education Minister, Orissa, Dr. Tarachand, Secretary to the Education Ministry, and other provincial and State education Ministers and officers.

PRESIDENT TO ADDRESS PARLIAMENT SESSION

Statement Of Government's Future Policy

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11, (PTI).

THE President of the Indian Republic will open the proceedings of the forthcoming session of Parliament— the first to be held under the new constitution—with a formal address.

The President's speech is analogous to the King's speech at the opening of Parliament in the United Kingdom. The responsibility for its contents will rest wholly with the Cabinet and should normally include a statement of the Government's foreign and home policies, a reference to the estimates to be presented to the House and a summary of the legislative programme for the session.

The address will be debated by the House. There will first be a general debate and then a debate on amendments.

The President's address will enable the House to know the views and policies of the Government on all important matters together with the legislative programme they have in mind. Government on their part would know the feelings of members right at the beginning of the session.

The House will meet from January 28 to April 12, the number of working days being 52. The railway budget will be presented on February 17 and the general budget at 5 p.m. on February 28.

Under the new constitution, the House will drop the nomenclature 'Constituent Assembly (Legislative)'. All members will have to take the oath or make an affirmation of loyalty to the constitution before they can function as members.

The new oath or affirmation reads:

"I, having been elected a member of Parliament, do swear in the name of God (or solemnly affirm) that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the constitution of India as by law established and that I will faithfully discharge the duty upon which I am about to enter".

Assuming that the whole of the opening day, January 28, will be spent in taking the oath individually, the President may be expected to deliver his eagerly awaited address on the next working day, January 31.

Ushering In The Republic: Programme Finalised

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11, (PTI).

THE hoisting of the National Flag by the President of the Indian Union and a parade of units representing all the armed forces will be the highlights of the ceremonies on January 26 when India becomes a Republic, according to the final programme drawn up for the day.

The President, who will take the oath of office in the morning, will drive in state at 2-30 in the afternoon to the Irwin Stadium.

From Prince Edward Place in front of the secretariat, the procession will turn left towards Parliament House and pass through Parliament Street, outer Cannught Circus, Barakambha Road, Bhagwadas Road, and Hardinge Avenue, terminating at the Irwin Stadium at 3-45 p.m.

Special arrangements are being made in the Irwin Stadium for people coming from the surrounding villages to witness the ceremony.

On arrival at the stadium, the Defence Minister will receive the President and introduce to him the three service chiefs. The President will unfurl the National Flag and massed bands will play the National Anthem. The President in a jeep will inspect the parade, and return to the saluting base. Thereafter the parade will march past the President.

Parade over, the President will drive back in state along Kingsway to Government House, reaching there at about 5 p.m.

Army, Navy and Air Force personnel and the police will line up the entire route of the presidential procession which will be decorated at intervals with triumphant arches.

Special arrangements are being made in the Irwin Stadium for people coming from the surrounding villages to witness the ceremony.

INDIA'S GREATEST REVOLUTIONARY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

An authoritative biography of Shyamji Krishna Varma, said to be 'India's greatest revolutionary and patriot', is being written by Mr. Indulal Yajnik, a Kisan leader. The book, based on original papers left behind by Varma, will be brought out on Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose Day, January 23.

UTKAL 'VARSITY CONVOCATION

Doctorate For Nehru

CUTTACK, Jan. 11 (PTI): Several honorary degrees were conferred today by the Utkal University at a special convocation on prominent personalities of India and men who are associated with education in the Province. The Education Minister of India, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, among others, was personally present at the convocation to take the degree.

The University conferred the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws on India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru (in absentia), India Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (in absentia) and on His Highness the Maharaja Sir Pratap Bhamjideo of Mayurbhanj.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Literature was conferred on the Education Minister of India, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and on Sahitya Samrat Maharaja Sree Vikram Dev Varma of Jeypore.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Science was conferred on Sir A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar (in absentia) and Dr. Prama Krishna Parija.

The Governor of Orissa at the opening of the special convocation said that the University was exercising for the first time its powers to recognise the high merit in men of eminence in the life of the country and in others who are closely associated with University life in one form or another.

"NEHRULAND"

Conferring the degree on Pandit Nehru, Mr. Asaf Ali said that in international eyes India was identified with Jawaharlal Nehru just as it was identified with Mahatma Gandhi during his life time.

OUR ATLAS

The citation on the doctorate conferred on Sardar Patel stated: "On the atlantean shoulders of our man of iron rests the weight of the internal administration of our vast country".

PERMISSION TO FLY INDIAN FLAGS

Malay Administration Accedes To Request

SINGAPORE, Jan. 11 (PTI): The tri-colour flag of India may be flown outside homes and business premises in Singapore and Malaya Federation on January 26—the date of the inauguration of the Indian Republic.

Indian national emblems may also be exhibited as the Governments of Singapore and Malaya have granted this exemption on a request made by the Indian Representative in Malaya, Mr. J. A. Thivy.

SOMETHING UP HER SLEEVES

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Choithram P. Gidwani, President of the All-India Refugees' Association said here today that Pakistan had lifted the ban on the exchange of urban immovable evacuee property in Western Pakistan with urban immovable evacuee property in the "agreed areas" in India probably because some influential Pakistanis were interested in getting certain transactions completed in their own selfish interests.

90 Hyderabad Reds To Die

ACCUSED PREFER APPEALS

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 11. (UPI): About ninety Communists have so far been sentenced to death in eighteen cases by the various tribunals, on being found guilty of murder, arson and loot, it was gathered here today.

In none of these cases, the accused availed the opportunity of legal aid, but the accused in all the cases have preferred appeals before the High Court. Two of them were referred by the High Court back to the tribunals by which they were tried.

In the first case, seven Communists were tried for murder of two persons-Mallayya and Durgiah, and for burning fifteen houses in Chinnanarayanapuram, in Nalgonda District, on December 5, 1948. One of them, Gosi Mallayya, has been acquitted. The Advocate-General, would "press" for reducing the sentence awarded to Pantangi Lingayya because in his opinion, his guilt as proved in the court was not such as to justify a death sentence. The leader of the gang in this case, Errabotta Ramalingam, a student aged eighteen years, declared in the open court that he and others, were Communists, and that it was the creed of the Communists to overthrow the present Government by violent means —with arms.

POLICE CHIEFS TO CONFER

Meeting In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11, (PTI): About 30 police chiefs from all over India will meet in a three-day conference at New Delhi from tomorrow to discuss various matters connected with internal security and relationships between the public and the police. The conference will be inaugurated by the Home Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

One of the principal items before the conference is the devising of ways and means for developing proper relationship between the public and the police and the formulation of a programme towards this end.

Gol Ghumat Under Repair

POONA, Jan. 11 (PTI): The 300-year-old famous 'Gol Ghumat' dome (whispering gallery) at Bijapur—the second largest dome in the world—will for the next nine months be under extensive repairs. These repairs, estimated to cost over Rs. 2,00,000 have been undertaken by the Archaeological Department, as the dome has been showing signs of decay.

The 'Gol Ghumat' has the biggest domical roof in the world and is well-known for its acoustic phenomena of the whispering gallery effect, the multiple echo and the large reverberation time. The masauleum was built by Mohamed Adil Shah, the seventh King of the Adilshahi dynasty and completed in 1656 A.D.

MADAME CHIANG LEAVES 'FRISCO

Says U. S. Was Deceived By Propaganda

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 11 (PTI-Reuter): Madame Chiang Kai-shek, wife of the Chinese Nationalist Generalissimo, left here by the Pan-American Airways clipper "Constitution" at midnight (local time) on her way to rejoin her husband on the island of Formosa.

On arrival here from New York last night, she gave a statement to reporters declaring the American people did not know the truth about the China conflict and "have been deceived by propaganda beyond anything ever set before a nation".

12 STRIPES FOR BLACK-MARKETING

SRINAGAR, Jan. 11 (PTI): For the first time in Srinagar, flogging was administered in public yesterday for black-marketing and hoarding of foodgrains.

Charged under the Government's recent Foodgrains Enhanced Penalty Ordinance, Abdullah Butt got 12 strokes with the cane.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I WAS just glancing idly over the newspaper when my eye was held by an advertisement inserted by the Employment Exchange which is very fascinating. Three penguins are shown, one of them saying, "The funny thing about men.....", and the text below inform us that to a penguin the funny thing about men is that they all look alike. You will rightly ask, So what? What a penguin thinks of men can be of interest only to other penguins. But there is more to come. The Employment Exchange cheerfully goes on to tell us that "speaking confidentially, we have ourselves felt this difficulty while interviewing for the first time a large number of candidates". And it caps this confession by asking confidently, "Why not, therefore, let the Employment Exchange handle all your labour requirements?"

To which if I were a busy executive (which, alas, I am not), I would answer, "Do you take me to be—well, a penguin?" For I am decidedly not one.

To me the funny thing about men—and that goes for the other sex too—is that they are all different. And if you only think of it, why it is a miracle of variety. Suppose you were given a limited amount of clay, or unlimited for that matter, and told to form figures out of it; suppose again that you were told that there were two eyes, two ears, a nose and a mouth, a little bit of hair, and four limbs; and suppose you were required to show variety, so that no two figures are the same. What would you make of it all? I shudder to think of the atrocities that would be perpetrated, and even then there would be monotony. Whilst now, consider only the nose; what a wide range we find on the human face, and all misfits.

Certainly, the Employment Exchange has given away the show. What is marvellous in this public admission of incompetence is the insight shown into the mind of a penguin. If ever I need a penguin, I shall certainly apply to the Exchange. But men? No, thank you. I would much rather chance being right by myself than endure the certainty of being wrong with the help of the Exchange.

Sometimes—oh, very rarely—I have to interview people when the Editor feels that they are not big enough or interesting enough to be personally seen to. And I manage very well—better than he does; and he is no penguin himself, I can assure you. But that is because I have a technique.

I look the visitor up and down rather scornfully—this pays richly; then ask him what I can do for him; and, as he is fidgetting for a reply, I ask him if he will not take a chair. As there are no chairs round my desk except the one I am sitting on, this does the trick.

I have had one visitor who asked if I was really the Editor and refused to do business with me because nothing less would do; three recurring who laid their souls and their certificates bare before me; four who wanted to see me when I was more free; five who felt that an old man like me should give the young fellows a chance; ten who thought they could run this column better—and whom I promptly sent home as undesirable fellows; and one shy young thing who actually called me 'Sir', and whom the Boss immediately took charge of.

So you see it is all as easy as falling off a log. The only trouble is to become "a busy executive" and get into position for hiring people. How, you ask me? How, indeed. Elementary my dear Watson. Join the Employment Exchange.

CONFERENCE ON CONTROL OF COTTON

Ministers To Meet In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11, (PTI).

PROBLEMS relating to cotton supply, the fixation of prices and control of kapas will be discussed here at a conference of Provincial Ministers of Agriculture and Civil Supplies convened by Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister of Industry on January 19.

Taking advantage of the Food Ministers Conference in the capital on January 18, the Industry Minister has convened this meeting on the following day. The Textile Advisory Committee will meet on January 20 to consider the same issues in the light of the decisions of the Conference.

The supply position of cotton for the mills at present is considered "tight but not as bad as made out in certain quarters."

The Government of India as a whole is likely to consider the problems earlier and consultations with the Provincial Ministers as well as the Textile Advisory Committee will, it is stated, enable the Government to arrive at a final decision.

CROP ESTIMATES

The cotton crop this year is estimated in authoritative circles here at 26,00,000 bales. Special allocations of foreign exchange are said to have been made for buying 800,000 bales of foreign cotton which may be increased to a million bales, if necessary.

With the carryover of 13,00,000 bales of the last years stocks, the total quantity of cotton stocks will be 47,00,000 bales. 200,000 bales of cotton are allotted for ex-mill consumption by handloom industry and export of short staple cotton.

The net stocks, it is estimated, will be 40,00,000 bales which will leave a carryover of 5,00,000 bales for the next year. The carryover, it is stated, is not adequate enough to meet any crisis and it is felt therefore that the cotton situation though not so bad as made out in certain quarters, is nevertheless, tight.

The Government, it is said, are taking all possible measures to ensure easy flow of cotton from producing areas to consuming areas and to provide equitable distribution to the mills. The order freezing the stocks in Bombay is said to be one of the measures to help the mills.

Some of the mills and businessmen are stated to have cornered stocks with the result that a few mills threatened to close down for want of supply of cotton.

RAW COTTON EXPORT

BOMBAY, Wednesday: In continuation of Notice No. 2608 dated January 5, 1950 by the Deputy Chief Controller of Exports, Bombay, the trade is hereby informed that as the quantity of raw cotton covered by applications received for registration of outstanding contracts is found to exceed the ceiling, no further sales should be entered into pending consideration of the applications except that sales may continue to be made to Japan against the bi-lateral trade agreement with that country.

MUTT AND JEFF—Mayb e This Comes Under The Rule Of Supply And Demand — By BUD FISHER

THIS PAPER SAYS SOLOMON HAD 800 WIVES! BOY, HE HAD THE NERVE OF A BENGAL TIGER!
THAT MUST BE MISQUOTED! DO YOU BELIEVE HE DID, MUTT?
I DUNNO! BUT I'LL ASK HIM WHEN I GET TO HEAVEN!
BUT SUPPOSE HE ISN'T THERE?
THEN YOU ASK HIM!
?
BONGO!
DAILY SLUM
FISHER

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.